

Fresh Always

BULK & BAG CEMENT



TEL: JEDDAH : 604701 - 54109
DAMMAM : 23868
RIYADH : 67236

SAUDI ARABIA'S FIRST ENGLISH LANGUAGE DAILY

arab news

Publishers: saudi research and marketing company

Would pink fittings go with my grey walls?

Take the guessing out of bathroom decoration. Ask us for free professional advice on bathroom decoration, color combinations and fixtures.



ANBAH TRADING
JEDDAH: 73585-76726
RIYADH: 40-43789

V NO. 48

SATURDAY 3 NOVEMBER 1979 JEDDAH 13 DHUL HIJJA 1399. A.H.

TWELVE PAGES — ONE RIYAL

Portugal asserts rights of Palestinians

SBON, Nov. 2 (Agencies) — Palestinian Liberation Organization (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat arrived here early Friday to participate in a world conference on Arab and Palestinian affairs. Unofficial talks with Portuguese government and party figures were scheduled for the Palestinian leader's two-day visit.

The 50-year-old PLO Chairman, arriving from Algeria where he attended ceremonies marking the 25th anniversary of the start of North African state's bid for independence from France, was met at Lisbon's Baela Airport by Foreign Minister Jose de Azavedo.

Speaking at lunch given in Arafat's honor, the foreign minister said Portugal reaffirmed its inalienable human right of Palestine to a homeland and the right of Israel to a state.

An adequate or stable solution for the Middle East will be found with the present mood of division and confrontation and not a spirit of compromise and impartiality among those directly involved, he said.

Addressing Arafat Freitas Cruz expressed hope that the various diplomatic initiatives would result in peaceful debate in place of armed struggle.

Nothing useful will be constructed if and injustice persist against the martyrs of Palestine, if Israel continues to occupy the territories won in the 1967 armed struggle or if it maintains the policy of settlements in the occupied areas and its southern Lebanon," he added.

Freitas Cruz said it was also up to the PLO to make a positive contribution to peace and progress in these areas. "It was not fair or politically realistic to expect that the various diplomatic initiatives would result in peaceful debate in place of armed struggle," he added.

Arafat was scheduled to meet Portuguese Socialist Party leader and former Premier Amaro Soares as well as the secretary general of Portugal's pro-Moscow Communist Party, Amaro Cunhal.

A spokesman for the conference's organizing committee said Arafat would have talks with Portuguese Prime Minister Maria de Lacerda Pintasilho later Friday.

Arafat would address the conference during the opening ceremonies at Lisbon University in the evening, the spokesman added. On Saturday morning the commander in chief will meet Portugal's 19-man military council of the revolution, the constitutional body which includes many of those responsible for the April 1974 coup which ended nearly half a century of right-wing dictatorship.

The conference's organizing secretariat, representatives from Angola, South Africa, the Soviet Union, Italy, India and Nepal, listed nearly 600 delegates from 80 countries to the five-day meeting.



ARAFAT IN PORTUGAL: PLO Chief Yasser Arafat with Portuguese Foreign Minister Jose de Azavedo, after arrival at Lisbon's Baela Airport early Friday.

Coup leader named head of Bolivia

LA PAZ, Bolivia, Nov. 2 (AP) — A Bolivian army colonel overthrew the 11-week-old civilian government of President Walter Guevara Thursday, named himself president, abolished congress and declared a state of siege suspending all constitutional guarantees.

A communique broadcast shortly before midnight announced the state of siege, as rumors ran through the capital of an attempted counter-coup by forces loyal to Guevara.

Col. Alberto Natusch had himself sworn in as president Thursday night, shortly after the congress declared its support for Guevara. Bolivia's first democratically elected president in a decade.

Students and workers opposed to the coup took to the streets of the capital, hurling rocks at armored cars. Soldiers opened fire. Police sources and witnesses said at least five civilians were killed and dozens wounded.

Army commanders in the major eastern cities of Cochabamba and Santa Cruz declared their support for Natusch. It was reported by newspapers in the two cities and by diplomatic sources here who asked not to be named. Telephone calls to newspapers and radio stations in other provincial cities indicated virtually all army garrisons were supporting the coup.

Troops in Cochabamba fired on student protesters, killing one and wounding seven others, the Cochabamba newspaper *Los Tiempos* reported.

Later Thursday, radio stations announced the government had imposed a curfew from 10 p.m. to dawn.

One killed in Tel Aviv bomb

TEL AVIV, Nov. 2 (Agencies) — Police said Friday they were "almost certain" a bomb blast which killed one man in a building near the central bus station in Tel Aviv Thursday was the work of Palestinian commandos.

They had earlier thought that the man, killed by "a standard Israeli Army grenade," had committed suicide or was the victim of local gang warfare.

In Beirut the Palestine news agency Wafa quoted a commando spokesman as saying the commandos planted the bomb at the entrance to an Israeli intelligence building near the bus station.

Flareups in Beirut kill three

BEIRUT, Nov. 2 (R) — Lebanese militiamen knocked out two Syrian armored personnel carriers Friday as Syrian peace-keeping troops moved in to stop clashes in a Beirut suburb, security sources said.

They said several Syrians were injured. Local residents said they believed at least one person was killed and a number wounded in Friday's clashes between two local factions. Security sources said two persons were killed Thursday.

The all-Syrian Arab Deterrent Force (ADF) said the fighting, which started Thursday, flared again Friday morning.

Militiamen were using rocket-propelled grenades, anti-aircraft guns and machineguns.

The ADF said a Syrian jeep was hit by a grenade and caught fire but the occupants escaped unhurt.

The Syrians moved tanks into the area. Security sources said Thursday night that two persons were killed and six wounded in the earlier violence.

The fighting involved leftist groups, supporters of the missing Muslim Shiite leader Imam Musa Sadr and ADF troops.

The ADF said Friday its troops sealed off two buildings from which gunmen were firing in the Shiyah District and rounded up 11 armed men for interrogation.

ADF troops continued to comb the area for other gunmen.

It was impossible to say if the clashes were orchestrated by anyone or if they were spontaneous outbreaks among the private armies that rule post civil war Lebanon.

Newspapers speculated the battles were an effort to stifle the planned Nov. 20 Arab summit meeting in Tunis which is expected to focus on the question of southern Lebanon. Rightists and leftists accused each other of starting the trouble.

About 25 miles east of Beirut, members of the right-wing Phalangist Party exchanged artillery fire with militias of the National Social Syrian Party. No casualty reports were immediately available.

Further north, the militia of former President Suleiman Franjieh intercepted several gasoline tanker trucks and a train-load of fuel oil bound for Phalangist-controlled areas. Franjieh controls the northern areas of Lebanon.

An off-shoot of the Phalangist Party is holding 36 Franjieh followers and demanding reparations for past Franjieh-Phalangist battles and the release of several Phalangists they say are being held by the Syrians.



MARKING AL ADHA: King Khaled, flanked by King Hussein of Jordan and Sheikh Zayed al-Nahyan, president of the United Arab Emirates attend a meeting marking al Adha feast.

Khaled feted on Eid-al-Adha

MINA, Nov. 2 (SPA) — King Khaled has received congratulations on the occasion of the Eid al Adha from numerous heads of state and heads of Pilgrimage delegations.

Among those represented at a meeting with the King Thursday were Jordan's King Hussein, U.A.E. President Sheikh Zayed bin Sultan Al-Nahyan, President Dauda Jawara of Gambia, Bahrain heir apparent Sheikh Hamad bin Issa Al-Khalifa, Sudanese Vice President Al-Rasheed Al-Tajer Bakr and Ruler of Fujairah Sheikh Hamad Al-Sharqi.

Saudi Arabian dignitaries on hand included Crown Prince Fahd, Second Deputy Premier and Commander of the National Guard Prince Abdullah, and other members of the Royal Family, cabinet ministers, religious leaders and senior officials.

The reception, held here one day after the feast of sacrifice, began with a recitation from the Holy Koran and a poetry reading by Sheikh Ahmad Ibrahim Al-Ghazzawi in which he greeted the pilgrims and congratulated the King on the occasion of the feast.

The reading was followed by a speech from World Muslim League Secretary General Sheikh Muhammad Ali Al-Hakhan emphasizing the League's activities in spreading the Holy Koran throughout the world.

He said more than three million copies had been printed and distributed during the past year, and added that it has been translated into English, Japanese, Hausa and other languages for distribution all over the world.

He was followed by Sheikh Muhammad Al-Sheibi, chief guardian of the Kaaba, who thanked the Kingdom's government for its projects to care for the Holy Haram and other holy places.

Getting back to the question of Palestine, Fateh representative Rafiq Shaker Al-

guages for distribution all over the world. "As long as Muslims follow the path of the Holy Koran, they will one day realize the dream of the late King Faisal and pray at the Al-Aqsa Mosque after the liberation of Jerusalem and Palestine," he said.

Minister of Pilgrimage and Endowments Sheikh Abdul Wahab Abdul Wasie also stressed the necessity for following the teachings of Islam in the liberation of the occupied lands.

The Pilgrimage brings Muslims together in a manifestation of Islamic solidarity, he said, and from that solidarity the glory of the world Islamic community will be ensured and Muslims will be able to liberate their lands.

Sheikh Abdul Wasie added that heads of Pilgrimage delegations from all over the world had voiced their admiration for the Kingdom's accomplishments in the holy places and for its ability to conciliate development and modernization with the precepts of Islam.

Islam, he said, is a flexible religion which admits the learning of science and technology, he said.

He was followed by Sheikh Muhammad Al-Sheibi, chief guardian of the Kaaba, who thanked the Kingdom's government for its projects to care for the Holy Haram and other holy places.

Getting back to the question of Palestine, Fateh representative Rafiq Shaker Al-

Natcha called on Muslims to join hands to ensure the liberation of the Al-Aqsa Mosque from the Israelis.

He accused Zionists of desecrating Muslim shrines and driving increasing numbers of Palestinians out of their homes every day.

He thanked the Kingdom for its unwavering support for the Palestinian cause.

King Khaled, Prince Abdullah and Interior Minister Prince Naif returned to Jeddah Thursday night after the reception.

Prior to the reception, Crown Prince Fahd had received best wishes on the occasion of the Eid-al-Adha from a delegation of high-ranking military and National Guard officers who had participated in Pilgrimage operations.

Prince Abdullah also received a large number of well-wishers, including princes, ministers, religious leaders and military and National Guard officers.

Prince Naif received a delegation from the officers working on Pilgrimage operations led by public security director Gen. Faiz Al-Awfi, who brought their best wishes for the Eid.

Throughout the day, King Khaled exchanged congratulatory cables with the heads of Arab, Islamic and friendly governments, and sent a cable congratulating Algerian President Benjedid Chadli on the occasion of that country's national day.

Friday, King Hussein returned home.

Brzezinski, Arafat shake hands

Washington Bureau

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2 — President Jimmy Carter's National Security adviser Dr. Zbigniew Brzezinski shook hands and exchanged greetings with PLO leader Yasser Arafat at a reception in Algiers Thursday, official sources confirmed here.

Brzezinski and Arafat were among the guests at a state reception marking the 25th anniversary of the Algerian revolution.

While the two men only exchanged courtesies, the encounter was the highest-level meeting ever between Arafat and a U.S. official.

After their meeting, Brzezinski told his aides he would never repeat the mistake of the late Secretary of State John Foster Dulles, who refused to shake hands with international opponents.

Brzezinski met with a number of radical and progressive leaders in Algiers, including Vietnamese Defense Chief Gen. Vo Nguyen Giap, the architect of North Vietnam's guerrilla war against the U.S. and France.

Brzezinski's presence at the Algerian celebrations was intended as a signal from the Carter administration that the U.S. was ready to accommodate Third World revolutions, as long as they were independent of foreign powers, sources said.

Sources said Brzezinski sought to explain to Algerian Foreign Minister Mohamed Ben-Yahia why the United States refused to recognize the PLO unless it recognized Israel's existence.

The sources said Brzezinski wished the PLO "would act like" the Algerian National Liberation Front, which fought against France. He noted that the FLN had never denied France's right to exist, and was willing to negotiate peace — something the PLO has refused.

In Beirut the second-in-command-in Fateh organization was quoted Friday as saying that the establishment of an independent Palestinian state on the West Bank and Gaza Strip was imminent.

Salah Khalaf (Abu Iyad) told the conservative Lebanese newspaper *al-Anwar* in an interview that the creation of a Palestinian state "is much closer than many think."

He said that Palestinian diplomatic activity, including visits to Brussels and Rome last week by Farouk Kaddoumi, the head of the PLO Political Department, were all related to the establishment of an independent state.

national opponents.

Brzezinski met with a number of radical and progressive leaders in Algiers, including Vietnamese Defense Chief Gen. Vo Nguyen Giap, the architect of North Vietnam's guerrilla war against the U.S. and France.

Brzezinski's presence at the Algerian celebrations was intended as a signal from the Carter administration that the U.S. was ready to accommodate Third World revolutions, as long as they were independent of foreign powers, sources said.

Sources said Brzezinski sought to explain to Algerian Foreign Minister Mohamed Ben-Yahia why the United States refused to recognize the PLO unless it recognized Israel's existence.

The sources said Brzezinski wished the PLO "would act like" the Algerian National

Victims of Lebanese paintbrush piracy

By Nora Boustani

BEIRUT, Nov. 2 (AP) — The pirates of anon do not fly the jolly gaffer, carryes between their teeth or hobble on pegs. The tools of the modern trade are a brush and a fat checkbook.

Since the 1975-76 civil war scuttled the anese government, more than 50 "lost" ships have been spotted along the 96-kilometer Lebanese coastline — all victims of brush piracy.

Amir Baroudi, a lawyer for several ship insurance companies, says he knows of more than \$150 million in illegally seized goods that has been unloaded in Lebanon's 20 illegal ports.

The ports, usually surrounded by barbed wire, consist of a roughly-built quay, a couple row-boats, a crane and a few trucks. More than that, they are guarded by teen-age men.

Paintbrush piracy bears little resemblance to traditional piracy in which a ship intercepts a merchant and a crew of one forces the other to load at gunpoint.

In the modern version, run-down old freighters are sold to a new owner after taking off for their destination. A new name is painted on the ship, a new flag is hoisted, while the ship is still at sea. Its cargo is resold to businessmen here and unloaded at one of Lebanon's many illegal ports.

The tale of *Betty* is a classic case of paintbrush piracy. *Betty*, originally owned by the Greek, Pero Shipping Co., Ltd. of Cyprus sailed down the Yugoslav Port of Rijeka Aug. 16 toward Jeddah.

Instead of going to the Suez Canal, *Betty* stopped in Filos island in Greece for bunkering and repairs.

It remained in Filos until the end of August. During that time *Betty* was sold to another Cypriot shipping company. It was renamed *Five Stars*.

On Sept. 3, the old owners telexed the charterers of the ship and informed them that the *Five Stars* sailed from Filos Sept. 1, destined for Jeddah and the authorities there were informed to expect it around Sept. 14.

Baroudi said Lloyds Insurance Underwriters of London kept tapes on all ship communications. "Lloyds' intelligence department has a radio on each ship and it can capture all communication traffic between vessels," he said.

A Lebanese couple, who live in an apartment building overlooking the bay in which the ship docked, said the ship's crane was unloading for consecutive days.

"There was hardly any armed cover, just one or two gunmen could be seen from my balcony," said the husband. "How can you call this piracy? It seemed a very smooth operation to me."

Shipping sources said the captain and crew were bought off at \$350,000 and the cargo sold for half-price, about \$3.5 million.

In mid-October, Baroudi asked the government to seize the ship, but *Betty* slipped out to sea.

A few days later, the ship docked in Piraeus Port. Inspectors discovered traces of the name *Betty* on the bow of the freighter. Closer examination revealed the outline of other names — *Five Stars*, *Black Eagle*, *Malaga*.

Authorities in Greece arrested three Greeks, including *Betty*'s former owner, on suspicion of involvement in the affair. Baroudi says the Lebanese involved in the deal have little to worry about — Lebanon's courts have been crippled since the civil war began in 1975.

"It is almost impossible to penalize businessmen buying stolen goods," said Baroudi, explaining that it would have to be proven the cargo was bought with knowledge it was stolen. "The case would take years and that is in normal times, when courts are functioning properly."

The ports, set up during the war in Debayeh, Jounieh, Batroun and Tripoli, north of Beirut, and numerous others in the south, are run by the various private armies that rule post civil war Lebanon. The ring-leaders are Christians and Muslims, rightists and leftists.

"There are no politics. It's all a matter of cash," said a banker in Dora, a Beirut suburb. "Beirut's legitimate port, once the busiest in the Middle East, is the focus of the most hotly contested area in the city."

The port is closed down as often as. Snipers can easily pick off port workers. Meanwhile,

the Syrian ports of Lattakia and Tartous are booming and so are Lebanon's illegal quays.

Illegal ports with swift and uncomplicated unloading procedures have provided the most practical alternative, and they are much cheaper than the Beirut port.

A housewife in the Christian town of Jounieh, just north of Beirut, said she was astonished to see a friend of hers in town. He had not dared cross the green-line into the Christian area since the war began.

"He asked whether he could wait here and have a cup of coffee while his shipment was being unloaded at the Aqamarina," she said, referring to a posh resort hotel where residents say television sets and other appliances are being unloaded nightly.

"He said it only cost him about \$90,000 to get his merchandise unloaded there, while it would cost him \$250,000 at the Beirut port, provided it was open," she said.

A Beirut banker said legitimate importers cannot compete with the paintbrush pirates — a 26-inch West German color television set costs about \$2,300 if purchased legally. A smuggled set is less than half that price.

The paintbrush pirates are yet another headache for the government, which is trying to rebuild its army and authority.

The illegal ports also have put a dent in the Lebanese treasury, which used to get 50 per cent of its revenues from customs duties.

The government last week ordered two small boats to patrol the coast, a move that brought cynical remarks from long-time Beirut observers.

The government also impounded the *Seraphim A* when it docked at an illegal port near the northern city of Tripoli last month. A few days later, a boatload of gunmen rowed out to the *Seraphim A*, ordered the crew ashore and sunk the ship with well-placed packs of dynamite.



PIRATE PORT: Two pictures, taken last week, show a pirate port at Debayeh, seven kms north of Beirut. The port was built by Joseph Abboud, a prominent National Liberal Party leader of former President Camille Chamoun during the civil war. The Lebanese capital is seen in the background with al Murr Tower in the middle. Bottom photo shows the port and the villa of former Lebanese Member of Parliament Salim Laboud, now used by the Liberals as the port headquarters.

AGRICULTURAL DEVELOPMENT
LANDSCAPING
LANDSCAPE PLANT MATERIALS
SOIL STABILIZATION
SPORTS SURFACING



URDCO JEDDAH Tel. 604681
RIYADH Tel. 24885 ELKHOBAR
YANBU Tel. 043223124 Tel. 8644208

Food, water, health situations satisfactory

Pilgrimage concludes with sacrifices at Mina

MINA, Nov. 2 (SPA) — Friday was the third day of the Eid Al-Adha, and at Mina sacrifices by pilgrims continued.

Latest reports said that food and water supplies were satisfactory in the Holy Places, and the Ministry of Health confirmed that the pilgrims' health conditions were excellent.

The weather during the day was

fine, with partial cloud.

By sunset pilgrims had gone to Mecca for the Tawafa, the seven ritual circlings of the Holy Kaaba that complete the Pilgrimage. Some groups were leaving the Holy Places for home.

The Jamarat area was crowded with people after dark.

All government departments, the Public Security, the National

Guard, armed forces and Boy Scouts have worked 24 hours a day for the past three days to help pilgrims.

Pilgrimage Security Force commanders were monitoring the movement of pilgrims through closed circuit television channels covering the whole area. They were regulating traffic by radioing officers on the ground with instructions.

Dr. Soliman A. Solaim, the minister of commerce, said Thursday that in spite of the greater numbers of pilgrims this year food supplies were sufficient.

The ministry had provided enough stocks of food, and although some was surplus to requirements there was no shortage in any commodity.

Also Thursday Minister of Health Dr. Hussein Al-Jazairi cabled King Khaled confirming

that pilgrims and Saudi Arabian citizens at the Holy Places are in good health.

He said that his ministry was continuing its efforts at providing intensive preventive care and medical treatment at the Holy Places. Doctors and other staff were following the instructions of the King and Crown Prince Fahd in doing their best to give pilgrims the best attention possible.

A committee had been set up to eradicate infectious diseases, inspect foreign medical missions and disinfect drinking water, which is regularly checked.

Dr. Jazairi said that a cold room and units for treating sunstroke cases, set up with assistance from a British university, had treated several cases of sunstroke.

This year the ministry operated eleven clinics on Mina and Arafat, the public hospital in Mina and six

clinics in Muzdalifa. Hospitals in Shesha, Zaher and Ajayd were also taking emergency cases.

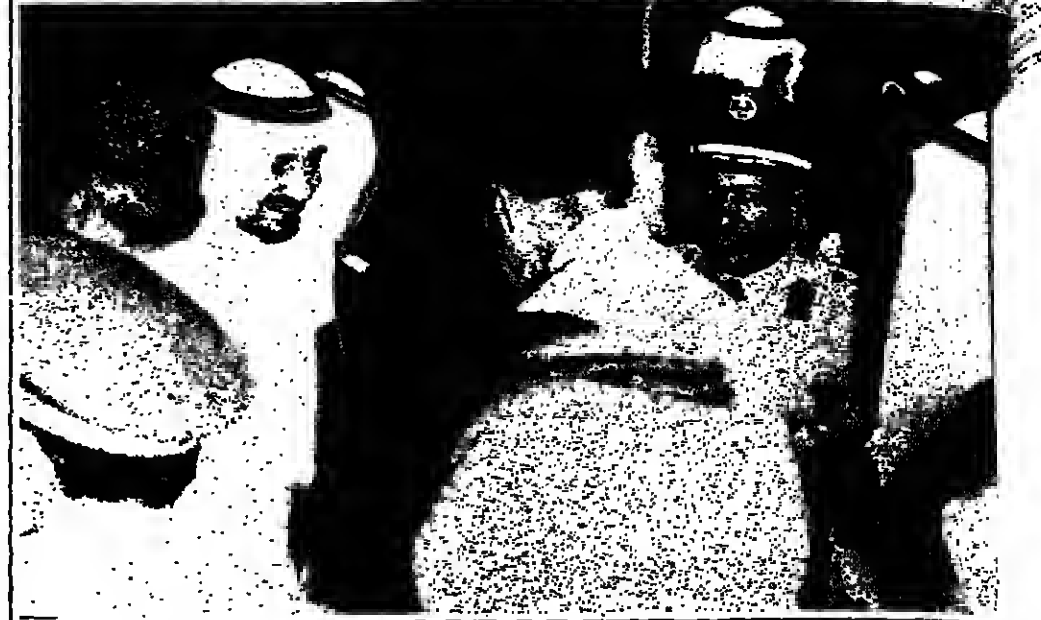
This year there are 50 per cent more cars coming to the Pilgrimage than last year, 28,524 compared with 1978's 19,063. This year too, 881,780 cars entered Mecca, an increase of 13 per cent over last year.

Thursday Minister of Information Dr. Muhammad Abdo Yamani gave a party for press, radio and television delegations covering the Pilgrimage. It was attended by Abdul Aziz Khoja, deputy minister of information, and other senior officials.

Dr. Yamani told the newsmen that he was pleased at the good coverage the Arab, Islamic and local press, radio and television had given the Pilgrimage.



RECEIVING: In Mina Thursday King Khaled received Pilgrimage Security officials with Prince Governor of Mecca (above) and also met prominent pilgrims from the Kingdom and abroad.



Half sent overseas

Pilgrims post over a million letters

JEDDAH, Nov. 2 — In the eight days ending Monday 1.1 million letters and postcards were sent from Mecca. They weighed 5,788 kilograms.

Of those 484,500 letters were sent abroad through Jeddah Airport, 8.6 per cent more than in the same period last year.

In the same eight days 617,590 letters and packets entered the Kingdom, 11.7 per cent up on last year's figure of 555,290. On one of the eight days, 1,188 kilograms of letters were sent out. On the

same day last year, 922 kilograms were sent abroad.

Most outgoing mail was addressed to Cairo, 109,500, letters. Karachi came second with 91,350 letters, then Algiers with 49,000, and Jakarta with 38,000.

For incoming mail, Pakistan ranked first and Egypt second.

Income from franking machines and stamps came to SR135,752, a 24.2 per cent increase over 1978's SR109,283.

The Posts Department has also

agreed with the Iranian Department to train postmen to serve Iran.

Some Arab and Islamic countries have appointed to handle mail for their pilgrims among them Kuwait, the Bahrain, Bahrain, and Q.

Mail is distributed to post every two hours in the and every four hours in the morning. There are two shipments of mail from Mecca to J.

WE LIVE HERE

WE'RE THE URBAN AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT COMPANY, A SAUDI COMPANY WITH AN INTERNATIONAL STAFF OF LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTS, IRRIGATION ENGINEERS, HORTICULTURIST AND SPORTS INSTALLATION SPECIALISTS. WE DESIGN, CONSTRUCT AND MAINTAIN LANDSCAPE SYSTEMS FOR PUBLIC PARKS, CITY STREET TREE PLANTING, INDUSTRIAL COMPLEXES, GOVERNMENTAL OFFICE COMPLEXES, HOTEL GROUNDS, LARGE ESTATES AND MILITARY AND PRIVATE HOUSING PROJECTS. WE DESIGN, INSTALL AND MAINTAIN IRRIGATION SYSTEMS BASED ON THE CONCEPT OF ACHIEVING BEAUTY THROUGH MINIMIZING THE USE OF WATER, UTILIZING OUR UNDERSTANDING OF THE DESERT AND THE SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS FOR ASSURING PLANT GROWTH. WE ALSO INSTALL SPORTS FACILITIES-ARTIFICIAL AND REAL TURF SOCCER FIELDS, RUNNING TRACKS AND TENNIS COURTS.

WE INVITE YOU TO VISIT OUR MODERN PLANT NURSERY IN ALKHARJ, WHERE WE GROW THE FINEST AND BEST SELECTION OF ACCLIMATIZED PLANT MATERIAL IN THE KINGDOM.



URDCO
URBAN AND RURAL
DEVELOPMENT COMPANY

RIYADH TEL: 24885 JEDDAH: TEL: 604681
AL KHOBAR TEL: 8644208 YANBU: TEL: 045223124

By prominent pilgrims

Kingdom praised for arrangements

JEDDAH, Nov. 2 (SPA) — Bahraini Prime Minister Sheikh Hamad bin Isa Al-Khalifa has thanked King Khaled and his government for their efforts to make the Pilgrimage easy for everyone.

He said the sons of King Abdul Aziz were following in their father's footsteps in helping all Muslims perform the Pilgrimage in comfort and safety. On behalf of his people and his government, Sheikh Hamad congratulated Saudi Arabia on Eid Al-Adha and wished good health to King Khaled.

Other prominent Muslims from abroad also Thursday praised the Kingdom's management of the Pilgrimage. Jordanian Minister of Endowments and Religious Affairs Kamel Al-Sherif said that every time he made the Pilgrimage he noticed the improvement in services and the government's efforts to do even better.

He emphasized that the work done by Saudi Arabia in building the Holy Places had made the Pilgrimage comfortable, evidence of the government's ambition to improve services and to accom-

modate an increasing number of pilgrims every year.

Muhammad Al-Twini, the Moroccan ambassador to Saudi Arabia, said he had made a comfortable Pilgrimage this year. Much of the reason for that was the traffic handling by the authorities.

Sheikh Abdullah Al-Abmar said Saudi Arabian officials were doing their best to serve pilgrims.

One of the good things about the Pilgrimage, he said, was that it allowed Muslim brothers to meet and discuss matters such as religion. The Palestinian cause and the liberation of Jerusalem were the most important matters to Muslims at the moment, and he begged Arab and Islamic countries to shoulder their religious responsibility and free the Holy Places occupied by the Zionists.

The head of the Pakistani Pilgrimage Mission, Minister of Interior and Religious Affairs Mahmud Haroun Friday described the Kingdom's preparations this year as "excellent." Performing the Pilgrimage had been made easy and comfortable.

The Indian minister of housing and endowments and head of his country's mission, Dr. Muhammad Ishaque, described the preparations as satisfactory.

WEATHER

It will be moderate in most parts, cooler in the northwestern region and fine in the highlands.

Winds will be active and south-westerly in the north-western region with possible thunderstorms that may affect the central and western regions.

Sea conditions will be light in the Gulf and medium to rough in the Red Sea.

Friday's temperatures (maximum, minimum in centigrade)

Mina	36	25	Jizan	35	25
Mecca	37	26	Wajh	32	24
Jeddah	36	23	Turuf	28	20
Riyadh	31	16	Arar	31	16
Dhahran	31	19	Sulayyel	31	15
Medina	34	20	Abha	23	09
Taif	28	12			

*On the occasion of Eid Al-Haj,
we offer heartiest congratulations to
His Majesty King Khalid,
His Royal Highness Crown Prince Fahad,
His Royal Highness Prince Abdulla Bin Abdul Aziz,
His Majesty's Government, and the people
of Saudi Arabia.*

*As members of the international UOP family,, we are proud to be
partners in progress with our Saudi friends and to extend best wishes
for a happy and prosperous holiday.*

**Fluid systems
by UOP**

**Management services
by UOP**

**Processes
by UOP**

One of The Signal Companies

Government peace mission in Mahabad

Iran to concede Kurdish autonomy

MAHABAD, Iran, Nov. 2 (Agencies) — A government peace mission arrived in this rebel capital Friday and announced that the Iranian authorities were prepared to concede some form of self-rule to the Kurdish provinces.

The three-man team — Interior Minister Hashem Sabaghian, Provincial Affairs Minister Daiush Forouhar and Plan and Budget Director Ezzatollah Sahabi — flew by helicopter to the army-held Mahabad barracks.

They left by car without an escort for the local governor's office where they got a friendly reception from about 3,000 Kurds chanting "long live the Kurdish Democratic Party" and waving portraits of the Kurdish spiritual leader, Sheikh Ezzeddin Hosseini.

The crowd, which included armed guerrilla marshals, applauded when Forouhar told them: "Your legitimate rights will be met by the government."

On Kurdish demands for limited self-rule, he said: "The Islamic government of Iran believes that these demands are legitimate and must be met. The maintenance of cultural characteristics and local control of the internal affairs of the province have always been acceptable to the government."

Sabaghian told Reuters after talking to local Kurds: "We were very hopeful and now we are more hopeful than ever."

He said the ministerial team was prepared to discuss the issue of autonomy with Sheikh Ezzeddin

and Kurdish Democratic Party (KDP) leader Abdul Rahman Qassemloo.

The KDP is understood to want Kurdish officials put in charge of security and state bureaucracy in the Kurdish provinces as a basis for autonomy. Left-wing groups allied with the KDP in the three-month-old insurgency against the central government also demand that the army should be removed from the region.

There was speculation that the ministerial visit might be canceled after an ambush between the Kurdish towns of Sardasht and Baneh Thursday night in which a colonel and 12 soldiers were killed.

The state radio defused the potentially explosive situation when it quoted survivors of the ambush as saying their attackers spoke in Persian rather than Kurdish. It did not say who the attackers were thought to be.

Forouhar held out hope to other ethnic minorities in Iran's restive border regions when he said: "The Islamic Republic of Iran has the capacity to give individual and social freedoms to Shia and Sunni and ethnic minorities."

The official government line has always been that all citizens of Iran are equal and therefore the need for regional autonomy does not arise.

The KDP also been portrayed in official statements as a separatist rather than an autonomy-seeking movement.

Sabaghian hinted Friday that a

three-month-old ban on the party might be lifted when he said: "Within the framework of the Islamic Republic all parties are free."

The ministers were Friday holding talks with local representatives. They have no fixed program and are due to visit other towns in the region in the next few days.

Meanwhile, the U.S. State Department reported that about 3,500 Iranian demonstrators, shouting anti-American slogans, massed outside the U.S. Embassy in Tehran on Wednesday to protest the Shah's entry into the United States for medical treatment.

Spokesman Thomas Reston said the demonstration evidently was organized by religious groups. He commended the authorities for protecting the embassy grounds and the Americans within.

The Shah was admitted last month for cancer treatment. He is under protection in a New York hospital. Some forces in Iran have called for his execution and offered a reward.

"It was not a riot from what our information shows," Reston said Thursday.

"The Iranian government met fully its responsibility to provide security for the embassy in Tehran by augmenting the police elements which normally protect the compound," Reston said.

"We, the American government, appreciate the Iranian gov-

ernment's additional steps for assuring the safety of the men and women who work there."

For the first time, Reston referred to the Shah as "the former Shah."

Bazargan meets Brzezinski

In another development in Algiers, Iranian Prime Minister Mehdi Bazargan met President Carter's National Security Adviser, Zbigniew Brzezinski, Thursday — the first time Iran and the United States have had a high-level contact since last February's revolution.

U.S. sources reported a "full and frank exchange" at a meeting which lasted for one hour and 15 minutes.

Aides to Brzezinski said Iranian Foreign Minister Ibrahim Yazdi was also present.

They met after attending ceremonies marking the 25th anniversary of Algeria's war of independence.

Shortly before, Dr. Yazdi had said the United States would have to change its attitude to the Iranian revolution.

Yazdi told a press conference: "Present relations are very cool. Any change depends on the United States because the Iranian people succeeded in their revolution... and eliminated the domination of American power in Iran."

Yazdi said that American hospitality toward the cancer-stricken Shah had led the Iranian government to believe U.S. policy was unchanged.

New Israel finance minister facing 100% inflation threat

TEL AVIV, Nov. 2 (R) — The threat of a 100 per cent inflation rate and other severe economic problems confront Israel's new Finance Minister Yih Horowitz.

Premier Menachem Begin announced Horowitz's appointment Thursday in a cabinet reshuffle following Moshe Dayan's resignation as foreign minister in a row over policy toward Palestinians in the occupied Arab territory.

The reshuffle had long been expected in the light of Israel's economic problems, topped by an inflation rate expected to reach 100 per cent by the end of this year.

The 60-year-old Horowitz has repeatedly urged the government to slash the national budget, a move essential to curb inflation but certain to put a much heavier financial burden on the majority

of Israelis.

His appointment, replacing Simcha Ehrlich in the finance ministry, will also have hearings on the cabinet's political structure.

Horowitz, a right winger, is noted for his hardline views on the Israeli-Arab conflict.

He objected to concessions Israel made in its peace treaty with Egypt and quit an earlier post as minister of industry, commerce and tourism in Begin's cabinet.

With the absence of Dayan, Horowitz will considerably bolster the Nationalist wing in the cabinet, split over such issues as Jewish settlement in the West Bank of Jordan.

The government Thursday had a stormy debate on the settlement issue, finally agreeing to abide by a supreme court order to dismantle an outpost set up on private Arab land.

China aide arrives in Cairo after meeting Sarkis, Arafat

CAIRO, Nov. 2 (R) — Chinese Deputy Foreign Minister Ho Ying arrived Thursday on a four-day visit to Egypt after talks in Beirut with Lebanese leaders and Palestinian commando leader Yasser Arafat.

Egypt has good relations with China, which Vice-President

Hosni Mubarak visited two years ago.

The most visible signs of Chinese support are the Chinese versions of the Soviet MiG-19 in the Egyptian Air Force. Sixteen flew past at the October military parade this year and Egypt is expected to receive about 90 of them.

In Beirut, a Chinese Embassy spokesman said Ho would stay in Cairo a few days before flying on to North Yemen.

The Palestine news agency Wafa reported that Ho had assured the Palestinian commando movement of China's unwavering support during his meeting with Arafat.

Wednesday Ho had discussions with Lebanese Foreign Minister Fuad Boutros who told him that as one of the permanent Security Council members, Peking could play an important role in getting Israel to "stop acts of aggression" against South Lebanon.

Ho also met Lebanese President Elias Sarkis and Premier Salim Hoss.

He flew to Beirut from Oman where he spent five days. Ho said that China believed Oman to be of great importance in safeguarding the security and peace of the Gulf region and wanted the Sultanate to become more powerful and prosperous.

Ho's trip to North Yemen has been given added importance following last month's signing of a peace and friendship treaty between the Soviet Union and South Yemen.

Egypt, Cyprus resume flights

LARNACA, Cyprus, Nov. 2 (AP) — Flights between Cyprus and Egypt were resumed Thursday after an interruption of 20 months, caused by the rupture of diplomatic relations between the two countries.

A Cyprus Airways plane flew to Cairo in the morning and returned with a group of 105 Egyptian tourists.

Egypt broke off relations with Cyprus following a battle here in Feb. 1978 during which Cypriot troops shot dead 16 Egyptian commandos. The commandos were trying to storm a hijacked Cyprus Airways aircraft in which two Palestinians were holding a number of hostages after assassinating a prominent Egyptian editor, Youssef Sebai.



CHATTING: Presidents Benjedid Chadli (left) and Hafez Assad of Syria chat during the military parade Thursday honoring the 25th anniversary of Algeria's war of independence. At right is the Chairman of the Palestine Liberation Organization, Yasser Arafat.

Algeria marks independence day

Chadli seeks peace in Sahara

PARIS, Nov. 2 (Agencies) — Algerian President Benjedid Chadli has called for a peaceful solution to the Western Sahara conflict.

In his first interview since he succeeded the late President Houari Boumediene last March, Chadli told the French evening newspaper *Le Monde* Thursday that Algeria wanted peace and stability.

He said Algeria had nothing to do with the conflict. "It was a conflict between Morocco and the Polisario Front fighting for the independence of the territory," he said.

"We have no claim in this affair, territorial or else," he added. "We only defend the principle of self-determination of a people."

Algeria was in favor of a peaceful settlement but "the Moroccan regime favors the use of force. This is not the way we will reach a political solution," Chadli said.

Chadli said his country's "sincere desire" had always been and remained to cooperate with all the nations in the region, including Morocco.

"Our sole real enemy is underdevelopment. To overcome it, our people like our neighbors need peace and stability," the Algerian leader added.

Chadli also reaffirmed his country's opposition to the Camp David agreements between Israel and Egypt.

Earlier Thursday Algeria paraded its military might, showing off

Soviet-supplied MiG-25 warplanes, T-72 tanks and SAM-9 missiles never before displayed in Algiers.

The hour-long military parade was to celebrate the 25th anniversary of Algeria's struggle for independence from colonial France.

The parade tended to confirm Algeria's weapons supremacy in North Africa, even as it was complaining bitterly about U.S. moves to supply arms to its neighbor, Morocco.

Libya is the only other Arab country known to possess the MiG-25, the Soviet Union's most advanced warplane. Algeria has a squadron of nine, seven of which screamed low over Algiers harbor to wild applause from a throng of thousands.

The T-72 is the latest Soviet tank and the SAM-9 the newest in

Sadat receives message from Kuwait premier

CAIRO, Nov. 2 (R) — President Anwar Sadat has received a message of good wishes from Kuwaiti Heir Apparent and Premier Sheikh Saad Al-Abdallah Al-Sabah on the occasion of Id Al-Adha, the official Middle East News Agency has reported.

Kuwait and the majority of other Arab countries have broken off relations with Egypt for its peace treaty with Israel last March.

this series of ground-to-air missiles. U.S. military officers watching the parade said that while Algeria was believed to possess these weapons, it had never before displayed them.

On the reviewing stand there were President Chadli, Syrian President Hafez Assad, Libyan leader Muammar Qaddafi, Palestinian leader Yasser Arafat, President William Tolbert of Liberia, who chairs the Organization of African Unity and President Jimmy Carter's National Security Adviser Zbigniew Brzezinski who was in Algiers to explain American policy to the Algerians who say any aid to Morocco's "policy of aggression" would threaten the entire region.

Brzezinski met with Algerian Foreign Minister Muhammad Benyahia after the parade, and they discussed the Western Sahara situation, Algerian officials said.

U.S. sells \$7m assets to Lebanon

Washington Bureau

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2 — The U.S. government has sold its shares in the Casino Du Liban, Middle East Airlines and other properties, closing the book on its 12-year involvement in efforts to recoup losses from the collapse of Lebanon's Intra Bank.

After five years of negotiations, the U.S. Agriculture Department Wednesday transferred its shares in Intra Bank's successor, Intra Investment Co., to the government of Lebanon for \$7 million.

The 715,000 shares of Intra Investment Co. have been held for the past 12 years by the Commodity Credit Corporation (CCC), a wholly owned corporation in the Agriculture Department.

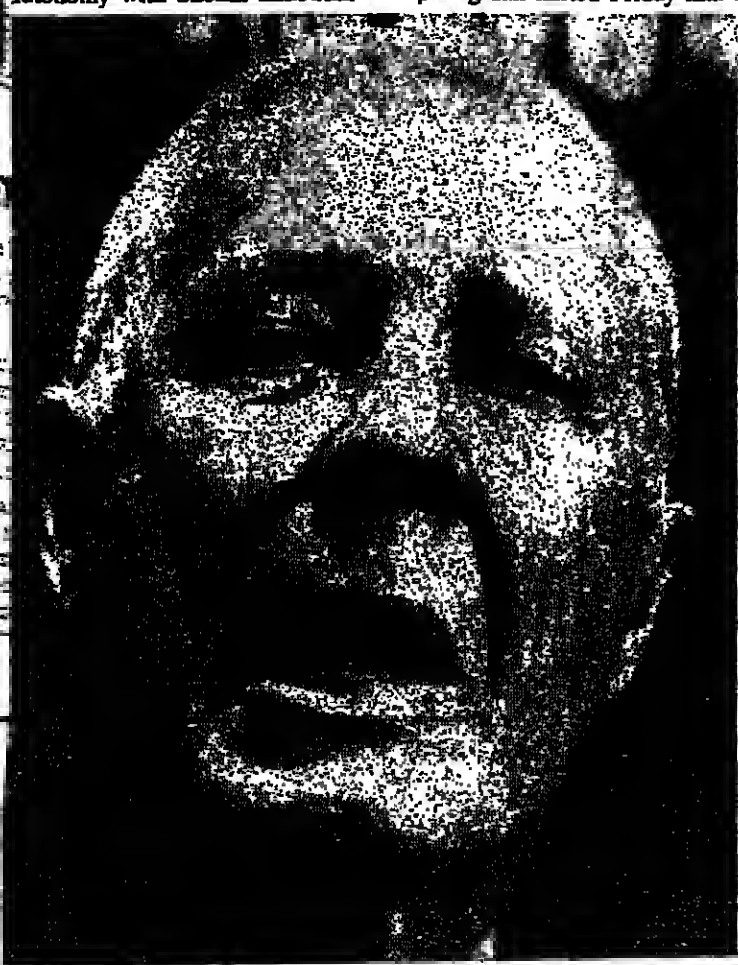
The CCC, Kuwait, Qatar and Lebanon were the major creditors of Intra Bank at the time of its collapse. When Intra Bank failed, the CCC was holding letters of credit worth \$21.8 million for the bank's New York branch.

The bank's successor, Intra Investment Co., assumed responsibility for all of Intra's non-banking interests. The CCC then acquired seven per cent of the shares of Intra Investment.

Since that time, the CCC has been using dividends received from its shares to reduce the \$21.8 million debt. At the time of the sale of the shares to Lebanon, the CCC had been able to reduce the debt to about \$8 million, sources said.

Intra Investment Corp. controls 51 per cent of the Casino Du Liban near Beirut, 65 per cent of Middle East Airlines, and 90 per cent of a shipyard in France, according to Les Lecompt, treasurer of the CCC.

It also owns a movie studio and various real estate properties in France and Lebanon, Lecompt told *Arab News*.



MISDIAGNOSED: Dr. Benjamin Kean, personal physician to the former Shah, answers questions last week at New York Hospital-Cornell Medical Center where the Shah is being treated for cancer. Kean said doctors in Mexico misdiagnosed the Shah's recent chills, fever and weight loss as malaria. If he had gone untreated, Kean said, "I think he would have died."

خطوط عرب

ARAB LINES

The Shipping Corporation Of Saudi Arabia
مؤسسة الملاحة البحرية العربية السعودية

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

ARAB LINES, DAMMAM.

Are pleased to announce the ETAs of the undermentioned vessels at Dammam port.

ARAB AL RIYAD
ARAB NAJD

7.11.79
5.11.79

General
General

Consignees having cargo on vessels mentioned above are requested to contact us for obtaining delivery orders against original Bill of Lading or Bank Guarantees.

THE SHIPPING CORPORATION OF SAUDI ARABIA
2411/1 AMIR MOHD STREET P.O. BOX No. 302 DAMMAM
TEL: 832 6916/ 832 6566 TELEX: 601057 ARAB SJ.
CABLE: ALBAWAKHER.

Liberal Party split plunges Japan into leadership crisis

OKYO, Nov. 2 (Agencies) — A scheduled session of the Lower House of the Diet was cancelled today and Japan remained without official leadership as Prime Minister Masayoshi Ohira and his 21-member cabinet resigned en masse Wednesday to comply with a constitu-

tional requirement after the Oct. 7 elections.

He and his cabinet remained in nominal charge as a "caretaker" government, but the 69-year-old prime minister continued to ignore demands by other LDP leaders, including Fukuda, that he resign to accept responsibility for the party's unexpected setbacks in the voting.

Ohira had called the election in a move to strengthen his party's

one-vote edge in parliament. The move backfired when voters, rebelling against an Ohira sales tax plan, left the LDP eight votes short of a majority and needing help from independents to maintain control of the 511-member house.

On Thursday, the anti-Ohira factions rallied behind Fukuda as their choice to replace Ohira and called on him again to give up his party post and the premiership.

Ohira stood firm, but in anticipation of a party caucus showdown he cancelled plans to attend the state funeral Saturday of South Korean President Park Chung-hee. Former Prime Minister Nobusuke Kishi was appointed to represent Japan at the funeral.

On Friday, the showdown fizzled when the Fukuda forces, finding themselves short of the majority needed to oust Ohira, boycotted the caucus and called for the Lower House, where Fukuda's strength is concentrated, to choose a new LDP leader.

When the Lower House finally convened — and no date has been set — both Ohira and Fukuda might be nominated by their respective groups, with neither yet able to muster a majority.

Lower House speaker Hirokichi Nishio said he opposed a plenary session to elect a new prime minister until the LDP, agrees on a candidate

Romanians give Tito red carpet welcome

BUCHAREST, Nov. 2 (Agencies) — President Josip Broz Tito Yugoslavia received a rousing welcome Friday as he arrived here for a two-day official visit.

He was greeted by Romanian President Nicolae Ceausescu, who, like Tito, is a maverick in the Eastern European Communist bloc.

Thousands of spectators lined the tarmac at Otopeni Airport to greet him.

Tito and Ceausescu have been setting virtually every year in recent years.

Yugoslavia, Communist but unaligned, has steadily increased operation with Romania, which

pursues a foreign policy independent of Moscow although it is a member of the Warsaw Pact military alliance.

Officials said talks between the two leaders, expected to focus on increased bilateral cooperation, European détente and the Middle East, formed part of the regular exchanges between the 87-year-old Yugoslav leader and Ceausescu.

Trade has increased six times over the last decade to reach about \$400 million this year. The two countries jointly built a huge hydro-electric power station on the Danube River and now plan a major extension.



DC-10 CRASH: The photo shows the remains of a Western Airlines DC-10 plane which crashed in Mexico City Wednesday. Investigations are underway to determine the cause of the crash, which the Mexican government said occurred when the pilot missed the runway cleared for his landing and touched down on a wrong one.

In Mexico DC-10 crash investigation starts

MEXICO CITY, Nov. 2 (Agencies) — United States and Mexican aviation experts have met here to investigate the crash of a Western Airlines DC-10 jet in which 72 passengers and crew were killed.

The Airline Thursday said that until the experts concluded their investigations it could not comment on an official Mexican gov-

ernment statement that a pilot's error caused the crash Wednesday.

The official statement said the DC-10 jet, on a flight from Los Angeles, landed on a wrong runway. It hit a truck, skidded for about 1,000 meters before plunging into a maintenance building and exploding into flames.

Western Airlines spokesman Dave Jimenez said of the 88 passengers and crew aboard the plane, only 16 survived. Two people on the ground, including the driver of the truck, were killed.

Jimenez said most of the passengers were Mexicans. There were also about 39 Americans, many of them Latin American origin.

Among the experts were representatives of the U.S. National Transportation Safety Board, the

Federal Aviation Agency, General Electric, McDonnell Douglas Aircraft Corporation, Western Airlines and the U.S. Airline Pilots Association.

Jimenez said the plane's black box recorder, which had been recovered from the crash site, was a key piece of evidence and would be heard by the experts seeking a clue to the cause of the crash.

The Mexican government statement Wednesday said transcripts of a dialogue between the pilot, Capt. Charles Gilbert, and the control tower confirmed that the pilot had been told to land on Runway 23 Right instead of 23 Left.

It said, "The plane, on landing on the wrong runway, crashed against a lorry." The runway had been closed for repairs since Oct. 19.

U.N. to set up 6 centers in Thailand for refugees

BANGKOK, Nov. 2 (R) — The United Nations is to build six new refugee centers in Thailand to house 300,000 Cambodians expected to flee their famine and war-torn country soon.

Zia Rizi, head of a special mission from the U.N. High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR), said Friday a U.N. conference in New York Monday would receive

pledges for the aid program. The U.N. foresees no problem in raising nearly \$60 million for it, he added.

Rizi said he assured the Thai government that Thailand would not have to bear the refugee burden alone after its recent decision to accept all displaced persons from Indochina.

Seoul prepares funeral Was military involved in Park murder plot?

SEOUL, Nov. 2 (AP) — As South Korea Friday prepared a hero's funeral for assassinated President Park Chung-hee, a key question was whether any part of the country's military was involved in the plot to kill him.

A ranking Western diplomat said any military involvement could destroy the unity essential to South Korea's stability.

"The biggest danger to South Korea would be the unraveling of the military, if they don't trust each other," the diplomat said.

In the week since Park was shot by his chief intelligence aide, the military has emerged as a major power. Its leaders appear to be in key positions to influence the choice of Park's successor and the nation's political future.

The 61-year-old Park, who turned the country from an impoverished agricultural nation to one of Asia's economic giants during his 18-year rule, was to be buried beside his assassinated wife Saturday after a state funeral attended by representatives of 44 countries. Mrs. Park was killed by a bullet meant for her husband in 1974.

The official version of Park's slaying by Korean Central Intelligence Agency chief Kim Jae-kyu made no mention of any military involvement. The leaked quasi-official expanded version makes a

hero of Gen. Chung Seung-hwan, the only ranking military officer involved in the circumstances surrounding the killing.

According to this version, the KCIA head attempted to implicate Chung after the killing and drag him into the plot. However, Chung outwitted the plotter, persuaded Kim to go with him to army headquarters, and later had him arrested.

Kim's motive was apparently to provoke a declaration of martial law, which would put army chief of staff Chung in charge of the country as martial law commander. Kim would have been the behind-the-scenes power.

The two were close friends and Chung was considered a protégé of the KCIA chief.

A Western diplomat said Chung's decision to go to army headquarters, not KCIA headquarters, was crucial.

"If he had decided the other way, it could very well have been a coup that worked," the source said.

While this version answers some questions, it did not explain why Kim, who was considered to be the second most powerful person in the country, would launch such a plot without some assistance or indication of military support. Many Korean and Western experts say this is now the most important unexplained factor.

Hua visit labeled 'success' Britain, China sign pacts

LONDON, Nov. 2 (R) — Chinese Premier Hua Guofeng's visit to Britain has been pronounced a success with air services and cultural pacts signed and a pledge given by Hua to try to stop the flood of Chinese entering Hong Kong.

The promise on the illegal immigration came, British officials said, during a 70-minute meeting Hua held Thursday with Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher.

Both British and Chinese officials called Hua's visit, his third stop on a West Europe tour, a big success. Their comments came after the meeting and a signing ceremony, the last formal engagements on Hua's visit.

The Chinese leader Friday was to visit a British farm and was to leave London for Italy Saturday.

Hua Thursday also renewed his

attack on the Soviet Union, not mentioning it by name but using China's code for the Russian hegemonists.

"In recent years, hegemonists have shown a greater degree of aggressiveness and willingness to take risks. They threaten the independence and security of all countries and endanger world peace," he said in a speech at a banquet given by the Lord Mayor of London.

"Hegemonist expansion and aggression must be checked. World peace and stability are to be preserved," Hua said.

In his meeting with Mrs. Thatcher, at her official residence at 10 Downing Street, Hua indicated he understood the problem of illegal immigrants from the Chinese mainland and would do all he could to help British officials said.

CRANES for hire

CRAWLER & MOBILE

15 TO 60 TON
CAPACITY ALSO
COMPRESSORS &
EXCAVATORS

ATTRACTIVE RATES

Contact Mr. Mohamed Hamed Zakaria
Mr. Hassan Osman Tili, Jeddah 58043
& 604418 Tel. 400261 ALAY SA

RED SEA PLANT

HITACHI

CENTRAL AIR CONDITIONING

SHOWROOM
MADINA ROAD
NORTH OF PALASTINE SQUARE
TEL: 56193, 673908, JEDDAH



BRITISH TRAINING FOR HIGH PAY

Involve 3 or 4 months you can possess ☐ BOOKKEEPING & ACCOUNTS
a British Diploma and prospects for a ☐ MODERN MANAGEMENT
worthwhile career and high pay. A ☐ SUCCESSFUL SALESMANSHIP
Training Course costs only £20 on ☐ PROFESSIONAL STORE
enrolment. Off 4 payments of £5 each.
including 4 Instruction Books, 12 ☐ PROFITABLE BUSINESS & ☐ KEEPING
Lessons, Tests, Model Answers, and ☐ TRADING
complete Tuition by Airmail. Tick the ☐ PROFICIENT CLERICAL OUTLIES
career you like, write your name and ☐ BRITISH CAREERS TRAINING ☐ COLLEGE
address and send this coupon to us ☐ by airmail for our FREE Book.

Name _____ Age _____
Address _____
P.O. Box 253, Jersey, Britain.

15% PAID ON DEPOSITS
TAX NOT DEDUCTED

Send for full details of this and other deposit account rates on terms from 1 month upwards.

To the Investments Manager. Please send me your brochure
Name _____
Address _____

MANAGEMENT LTD.
Central Trust
Central Trust House, 19 Northumberland Road,
Dublin 4, Ireland. Tels. 682492/688144.

SITE MANAGER SAUDI ARABIA

The Agribusiness Division of Tate & Lyle is shortly to commence the construction and implementation of a major new Sugar Refinery situated in Jeddah.

The Site Manager will be responsible for the supervision of contractors carrying out mechanical, electrical, process and structural works, and for site administration.

Applicants must be Chartered Civil Engineers have had previous experience as a Site Manager on a large multi-million pound project, have had previous experience of working at this level in Saudi Arabia, preferably in Jeddah and be available to take up this position by January 1980. Applicants who do not have

Saudi Arabian experience will not be considered.

Salaries are negotiable according to experience and seniority. Other contractual conditions will include free housing and utilities, annual leave back to U.K., education allowances, free transport and free medical facilities.

Applications for this post should be accompanied by a detailed career history and should be addressed to: D.J.C. McClune, Tate & Lyle Agribusiness Limited, Cosmos House, 1 Bromley Common, Bromley, Kent.

All applications will be dealt with in strict confidence.

U.S. satellite misses orbit New 'Skylab' shoots down

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2 (AP) — Pegasus 2, one of the largest satellites ever shot into space, is scheduled to plunge out of orbit this weekend, but the U.S. space agency said Friday it poses little danger to residents of the earth.

The National Aeronautics and Space Administration reported the satellite should re-enter the atmosphere about 0400 GMT Sunday, but said it could come down anytime 12 hours before that time or 12 hours afterwards.

The North American Air Defense command in Colorado Springs, Colorado, made the re-

entry estimation based on tracking data which shows that atmospheric friction has dragged the satellite down to within 243 kilometers of earth. When it was launched in 1965, it ranged out as far as 736 Kilometers.

At 10,350 kilos, Pegasus 2 is much lighter than the 69,750 kilo Skylab space station which created a sensation when it dropped out of orbit last July. Skylab sprayed flaming debris over the Indian Ocean and Western Australia but caused no damage or injury.

When Pegasus 2 was placed in orbit, it unfolded two wing-like arms a span of 29 meters, giving it the appearance of a giant space bird. Thin aluminum patches on the wings were rigged to measure meteoroid penetrations.

NASA said computer projections indicate that about 9,315 kilos of the satellite should burn up from re-entry heat, and that about 1,035 kilos of harder materials might survive and reach earth after breaking into small pieces.

Dacko accuses key opponent of readying revolt

BANGUI, Nov. 2 (R) — President David Dacko of the Central African Republic has accused an opposition leader of distributing arms in an attempt to topple his six-week government.

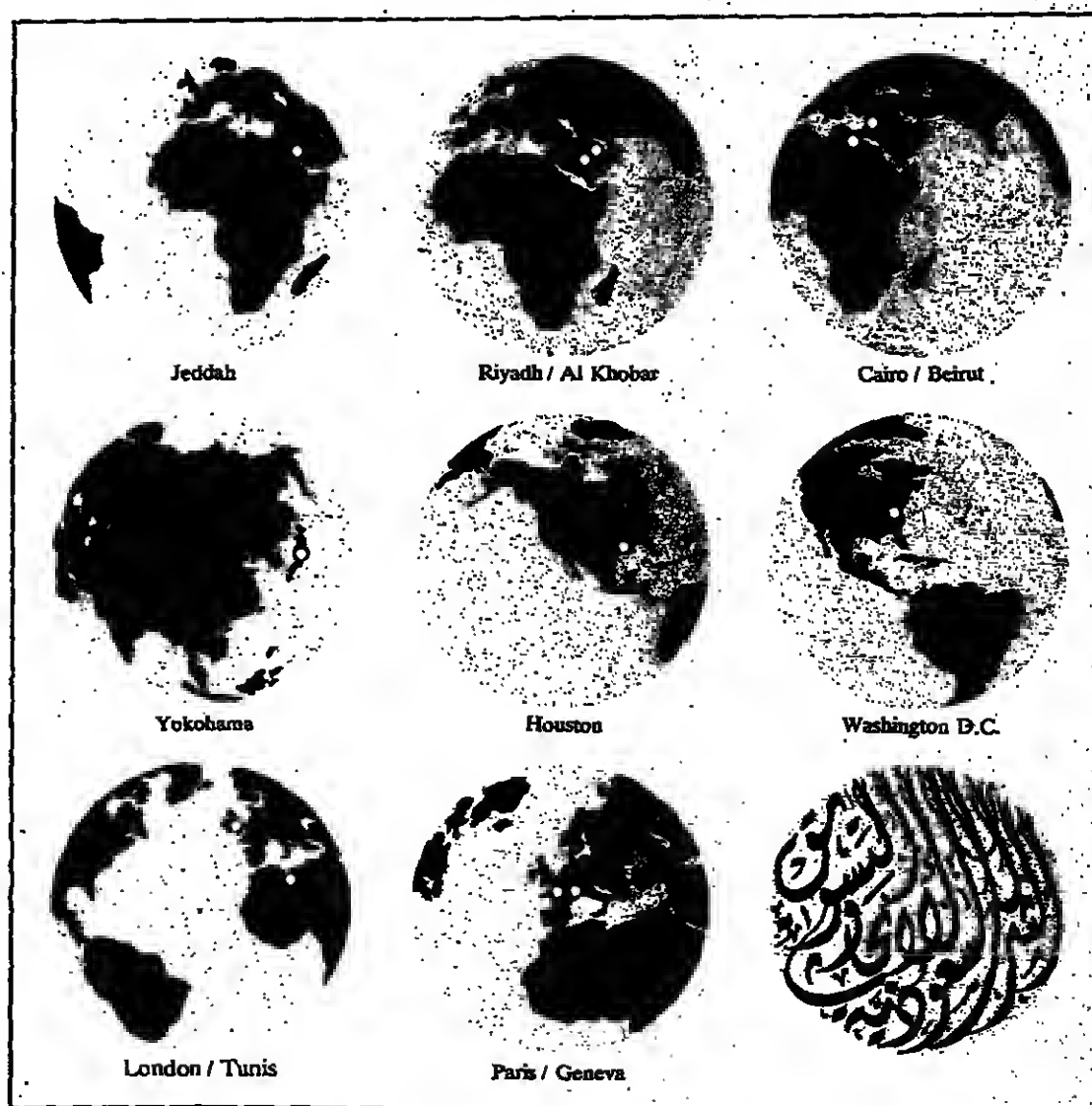
Dacko, who ousted Emperor Bokassa in a bloodless French-backed coup Sept. 22, said Ange Patasse, a political rival who disappeared mysteriously three days ago "was arming and paying hooligans to sow trouble in the capital."

He was referring to student demonstrations Monday in which 25 people were injured, including 10 wounded by gunfire.

"Mr. Patasse has introduced arms of war in Central Africa which he intends to use when the time is ripe," Dacko said in a press statement.

Patasse disappeared Monday night.

"Mr. Patasse who is again on the run, is believed to be in an embassy building," Dacko said.



The Arab World at Large

From its bureaus around the globe, Saudi Research & Marketing Company is bringing its worldwide readers the most exclusive news coverage possible about the Middle East. Judge for yourself: Asharq Al-Awsat. The international newspaper of the Arabs.

Asharq Al-Awsat utilizes one of the most extensive communications networks of any Arabic language newspaper to provide the internationally aware Arab with up-to-date reporting and a perceptive analysis of current events.

Asharq Al-Awsat is the leader... in the Arab world at home, and at large. Saudi Research & Marketing Publishers since 1937

Asharq Al-Awsat
The international newspaper of the Arabs
الشرق الأوسط
جريدة العرب الدولية

Taipei expected to compete at Winter Olympics

LAKE PLACID, New York, Nov. 2 (AP) — Taipei's delegate to the Olympic Organizing Committee said Thursday he expects his country's Olympic team will compete in the Winter Games here even if it is required to change its name, flag and anthem.

The delegate, Koosoo Ha, said he based his belief on conversations with the president, vice president and other top members of Taiwan's 40-strong National Olympic Committee.

Ha, who was Taiwan's Olympic coach in 1972 and 1976, said he still hoped the full International Olympic Committee would reverse its Executive Committee's decision made last month in Nagoya, Japan, which the Taipei group feels discriminates against it in favor of mainland China.

"If we had an open vote of the countries, I think 90 per cent we'd win," said Ha. "Now, we have a vote by mail. This is very bad for us."

China has meanwhile, accepted the International Football Federation (FIFA) resolution on Chinese representation in FIFA.

Peking's official Xinhua news agency reported Friday that the acceptance was sent by the Chinese Football Association (CFA) in a letter Tuesday to FIFA headquarters in Switzerland.

Xinhua said FIFA in its resolution decided to readmit the Football Association of the Peoples Republic of China and to maintain the membership of the Football Association in Taipei, on condition that Taipei changes its name to "the Chinese Taipei Football Association" and does not use any of its former symbols.

The resolution was adopted at a meeting in Zurich Oct. 13 by a 16-3 vote, and on Oct. 13, Dr. Helmut Kaser, FIFA general secretary, sent a letter to CFA President Li Fengliu in Peking officially informing him of the decision.

In reply, Xinhua said, Li Fengliu accepted the decision and thanked the FIFA Executive Committee for its efforts in solving the Chinese representative issue.

It quoted the CFA letter as saying: "The Chinese Football Association, as a member of the FIFA, will do its utmost for the development of football in China, Asia and throughout the world and will closely cooperate with FIFA to achieve fruitful results."

Zaman tipped in U.K. squash

LONDON, Nov. 2 (R) — Qamar Zaman of Pakistan, favorite to win the top prize of 1,250, will meet Javain Briers of Britain in the first round of the inaugural World Masters Squash Championship at Vembley here next Wednesday.

The other first round matches are Jonah Barrington (Britain) v. Bruce Brownlee (New Zealand), Ahmad Safwat (Egypt) v. Roland Watson (South Africa) and Hiddy aban (Pakistan) v. Dean Williams (Australia).

The semifinals will be played on Thursday and the final on Friday next week. All tickets have been sold.

Connors faces Gerulaitis in Tokyo tourney semis

TOKYO, Nov. 2 (AP) — Good-seeded Jimmy Connors and fourth-seeded Vitas Gerulaitis, both of the United States, advanced Friday to the semifinals of the World Super Tennis Tournament.

Connors easily eliminated eighth-seeded fellow American Gullitson 6-2, 6-2, and Gerulaitis beat eighth-seeded Frenchman Noah of France 6-3, 6-2, in more than 3,000 spectators the Tokyo municipal gymnasium.

Connors and Gerulaitis will meet in one of Saturday's semifinals while Sweden's defending champion Bjorn Borg will take on John Sadri of the United States in the other match.

Borg beat American Bob Lutz 3, 6-3 and Sadri defeated India's Vijay Amritraj 2-6, 6-4, 3 in their Thursday quarterfinals.

Borg, 23-year-old four-time imbledon champion, outplayed itz, 32, with powerful serves, nonon-like passing shots and fine acemoots in the first set. He won e first two games at love and rved three aces in the set.

The two played evenly in the cond set until Borg broke Lutz's rve in the eighth game after ree deuces, giving him a comtable 5-3 lead.

"I played very well," Borg said. "I think today's match was the st so far."

"I broke Lutz's serve in the first me. That was very important. It difficult to break serves because e surface is very fast."

Lutz said, "Borg got better and ster as the game progressed. ere were too many good shots."

In the doubles quarter-finals,

the American pair of Marty Riesen and Sherwood Stewart beat the Australian pair of Peter Monamara and Paul Kronk 6-3, 4-6, 6-2, and Ilie Nastase of Romania and Tomas Smit of Czechoslovakia beat the American pair of Tim Wilkinson and John Sadri 4-6, 6-3, 7-5.

In Stockholm, Billie Jean King easily beat Czech defector Hana Strachonova Thursday and joined five fellow-Americans into the second round of the women's singles in the Stockholm Open.

King, playing in Sweden for the first time in ten years, woo 6-2, 6-1. The 35-year-old veteran, who is top-seeded in the women's event, chose to play here because she needs more grand prix points.

After sitting out the first part of the season with an injury, King has staged another remarkable comeback. She is ninth in the series and needs to finish at least eight to make the championships at Landover, Maryland, early next year.

For Strachonova, 18, who asked for political asylum while playing in Switzerland last July, it was the first big match since defecting. She admitted she got a tough draw.

"I never got a chance to get into the match," she said. "Billie Jean is so quick I's hard to believe she's 35."

Most teams known

Moscow handball lineup

BASLE, Nov. 2 (R) — Ten out of 12 men's teams and five out of six women's teams qualified for the 1980 Olympic Games handball tournament in Moscow are now known.

The International handball



AWARDS: Donna Hartley, Britain's champion hurdler (right) and table tennis player JMI Hammersley outside Buckingham Palace recently after being invested with the OBE.



CRUNCH: London's Bob Morden falls victim to a classic crunching tackle from All Blacks captain Graham Mourie. The New Zealanders won the Twickenham game, the first of their British tour, 21-18.

At today's championships

Bulgarian weightlifters fancied

SALONIKA, Nov. 2 (R) — Bulgaria's outstanding young competitors are expected to challenge the domination of the Soviet Union in the World Weightlifting Championships, which start here on Saturday.

Bulgaria is emerging from a lean period which included only one title and a sixth place in the team event at last year's championships in Gettysburg, and the products of its youth training system could pose the Soviet lifters a lot of problems.

Two of Bulgaria's best hopes are Anton Kodzhabashev and Yanko Rusev, both 20.

Kodzhabashev won this year's European batamweight title after finishing ninth as a flyweight in the 1978 World Championships.

Shortly afterwards he broke all three world bantamweight records with 121½ kilograms in the snatch, a 152 kg jerk and 265 kg for the two-lift total.

Kodzhabashev's main rivals are likely to be world champion Daniel Nunez of Cuba and the Soviet Union's victor Veretennikov, both with 262½ kg this year, together with Poland's Tadeusz Dembonyk, whose best is 260 kg.

Lightweight Rusev was runner-up as a featherweight in the 1977 World Championships and was an easy winner at lightweight when he moved up a class in 1978, following up with another victory at this year's European meeting.

Rusev will need to be at his best to combat the challenge of East Germany's Joachim Kunz, 20, the world junior champion.

Kunz beat one of Rusev's world records in May with a 145½ kg snatch before Rusev regained it with 146 kg and then 147 kg.

Another Bulgarian who may be in the line-up is Valentin Todorov, world record holder in the jerk with 186 kg and lightweight winner at the recent Soviet Spartakiad with a 322½ kg total, 2½ kg short of Rusev's world record.

Olympic champions David Rigert and Vasil Alexeev are surprise omissions from the Soviet

team. Soviet sources say they cannot compete "for a number of reasons", but are still training for the Olympic Games.

Rigert, world champion in the 100 kg category, won the European title and broke three world records in May. But he was well beaten in the recent contest between Europe and the Americas, when his 362½ kg total was 40 kg below his world record.

Pavel Syrchin and Valeri Kravchuk are named in this class and with recent bests of 395 kg and 392½ kg they could take first and second places.

OUR SPECIALISTS WILL SHOW YOU HOW UNIVERSAL WE ARE



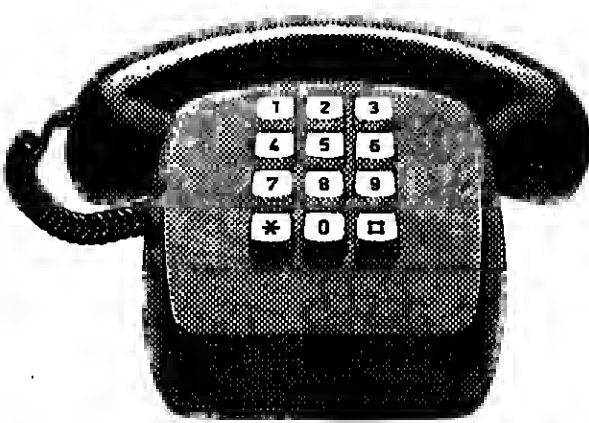
Synthetic loans



Foreign exchange and deposits



Trade financing



Euro currency financing



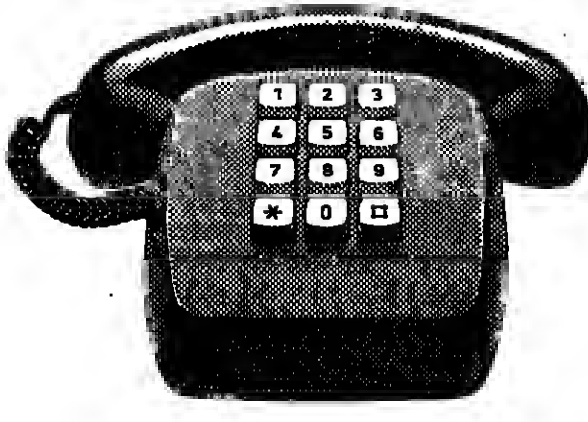
Bullion and foreign currency trading



Long-term corporate financing



New issues



Stock and bond trading



Portfolio management

Clients of a large international commercial bank expect a universal range of services. But they also expect the bank to possess strengths in special areas where individual cases call for extraordinary expertise.

For DG BANK, both are axiomatic. On the one hand, you can count on us for full-service versatility. On the other hand, direct contact with our specialists gives you the added benefits of personal attention and fast decisions. So we're also the right people to call for creative answers to your very special needs. Such as long-term corporate

financing, for example, in DM as well as other major currencies, on a fixed or floating-rate basis.

To ensure that our comprehensive range of services is internationally accessible, DG BANK maintains bases in the world's key financial and commercial centers. As a member of the UNICO BANKING GROUP we have furthermore joined forces with five large European banks, and we maintain contacts with financial institutions worldwide.

Why not give us a ring? A short call could mark the beginning of a lasting relationship.

DG BANK Deutsche Genossenschaftsbank, P.O. Box 2628, Wiesenhuettenerstrasse 10, D-6000 Frankfurt am Main 1, West Germany. Phone: (611) 26 80-1, Telex: 412291.

DG BANK
Deutsche Genossenschaftsbank

THE BROADLY BASED BANK

arab news

SAUDI ARABIA'S FIRST ENGLISH LANGUAGE DAILY
 THE ARAB NEWS IS A POLITICAL AND FINANCIAL NEWSPAPER

MAIN OFFICE: ARAB NEWS BUILDING OFF SHARAFIA, P.O. BOX 4558
 TEL: 34962-26703-30218 CABLE: MARADNEWS
 TEL: 401570 ARABNEWS SJ JEDDAH

RIYADH OFFICE: AL BATHA STREET, AL RAHBI BUILDING NO. 2, 4TH FLOOR,
 APT 210, P.O. BOX 478 TEL: 36272-30480 TEL: 501660, CABLE: ARABNEWS
 TEL: 201650 MARAD SJ

EASTERN REGION OFFICE: ABDULLAH FOUD CENTER ABUL AZIZ STREET
 10th FLOOR SUITE 1003 AL-KHOBAR TEL: 42991-48620-46616

MIDDLE EAST OFFICES: EGYPT: 51 JAZIRAT AL ARAB STREET, MADINET
 ALMOHANDASEEN, ADOUKI, CAIRO TEL: 818392-815121

LEBANON: SANAYIN EL GHANEM BLDG., P.O. BOX 8886
 BEIRUT, LEBANON TEL: 547090 TEL: 20648

LONDON OFFICE: 67 GOUGH SQUARE, FLEET STREET,
 LONDON EC 4A 3D J. TEL: 353-4412/4160 TEL: 898272 ARAB NEWS

EUROPEAN OFFICES: SWITZERLAND: 9 PLACE DU MOLARD, GENEVA,
 SWITZERLAND TEL: 211711 TEL: 289005 SARIE P.O. BOX 795 1211 GENEVA

PARIS OFFICE: 18 RUE CHRISTOPHE COLOMB AVENUE GEORGE V
 75008 PARIS 720 36 34 / 723 88 99

TUNISIA OFFICE: TEL: 238511
 U.S. OFFICES: HOUSTON: 2100 WEST LOOP SOUTH, SUITE 1650
 HOUSTON, TEXAS 77027 TEL: (713) 961-0245

WASHINGTON, D.C.: 358 NATIONAL PRESS BUILDING
 WASHINGTON, D.C. 20046 TEL: (202) 638-7161 TEL: 440268 SAUDI ARAB NEWS

JAPAN OFFICE: RASA 2, 12-10, TSURUMI, YOKOHAMA, JAPAN
 JAPAN OFFICE: RASA 2, 12-10, TSURUMI, YOKOHAMA, JAPAN

ANNUAL SUBSCRIPTION: \$9.99 ANNUAL POSTAGE INCLUDED
 INTERNATIONAL: \$18.99 ANNUAL POSTAGE INCLUDED

Produced and Printed at Al-Medina Printing and Publishing Co. Jeddah
 For Riyadh and Eastern Region
 Printed at Al-Yamama Printing Press

SOLE ADVERTISING REPRESENTATIVES

TIHAMA

FOR ADVERTISING, PUBLIC RELATIONS & MARKETING RESEARCH

HEAD OFFICE: Jeddah, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, Ministry of
 Foreign Affairs Circle, P.O. Box 5455 Tel. 40000 - 20 Lines

Cable: TIHAMA, JEDDAH Tel: 401205 TIHAMA SJ
 MECCA BRANCH: Sitten Street, Dahlawi Building, P.O. Box 1074
 Tel. 35023 - 32709 Cable, TIHAMA, Mecca

RIYADH BRANCH: Airport Street, Behind the American Mission,
 P.O. Box 4681 Tel. 4780394 - 68207 Cable, TIHAMA, RIYADH
 Tel. 201305 TIHAMA RSJ

DAMMAM BRANCH: Ibn Khaldoun District, Al Dhahran Street,
 Bughshan Building, Seventh Floor, P.O. Box No. 2665,
 Tel: 32555 - 20434, Cable TIHAMA DAMMAM

LONDON BRANCH: 76 Shoe Lane, London EC 4A 3JB,
 Tel: 01 353 8859 & 8826

HOUSTON: 2100 WEST LOOP SOUTH, SUITE 1650
 HOUSTON, TEXAS 77027 TEL: (713) 961-0245
 TEL: 700208 ARABNEWS HOU

Ted Kennedy is no longer biding time

By Paul Macdonald

WASHINGTON —

Like two heavyweights going through the pre-fight rituals of mutual affection and respect, Jimmy Carter and Sen. Edward Kennedy met and shook hands on Saturday, Oct. 20, on a sunny Boston morning.

The occasion was the formal opening of the impressive Kennedy Memorial Library. Had it not been for politics, the event would have been merely the opportunity for the solemn remembrance of the murdered 35th President.

But it now seems clear that the handshake was the last time for some while that the current president, and the young Massachusetts senator who openly covets his job, will meet as friends. Next week Sen. Kennedy is expected to declare his candidacy, and the bloodiest political duel in recent American history will get under way.

According to his close associates, Kennedy is rushing forward with his announcement — he had planned to wait until December — for one very good reason: tough opposition from Carter was beginning to get him rattled.

Some of the impressive headway he had gained this summer has been lost in the past month: the 'straw poll' in Florida, which Carter won handsomely, surprised and dismayed some Kennedy supporters; the opinion polls published here last week all indicate the beginnings of serious erosion of Kennedy's support.

The New York Times-CBS News poll, for example, showed that Kennedy's advantage over Carter had fallen from more than three to one in July to less than two to one in mid-October. NBC News reported that Carter's 'national approval rating' had more than doubled in the past 15 weeks — though analysts point out that Carter's renewed strength in the Deep South had distorted the results. In the Northeast, the Midwest and the Pacific and Mountain states, Kennedy was still well ahead.

Carter, proving himself an accomplished political tactician, announced an extraordinary coup on October 19. He had persuaded Speaker Thomas 'Tip' O'Neill — a close friend and political crony of Kennedy's — to chair next August's Democratic Party Convention in New York City. For O'Neill to have accepted the President's invitation is an undoubted body blow to the Senator's ambitions — and one more reason why he now has to move quickly to establish, in public, his interests for the coming year.

'Mr. Carter's blood is up,' said one Kennedy supporter. 'We've got a fight on our hands.' (OFNS).



Muck-raking gets a bad odor in France

By Lionel Walsh

PARIS —

The suicide of Labor Minister Robert Boulin is having repercussions throughout French public life, posing questions on the role of the press, the administration of justice, and the ethics of government.

Investigative journalism is on trial, in particular the devastatingly irreverent satirical weekly *Le Canard Enchaîné*, alongside the staid and respected evening newspaper *Le Monde* as well as *Minuten* a flamboyant far-right publication.

The crisis seemed likely to intensify as unrepentant newspapers said they would continue to publish exposes about leading politicians, disregarding establishment condemnation of the reports on property deals involving Boulin before he drowned himself in a forest pool outside Paris.

Shocked politicians immediately reacted to the tragedy with charges that Boulin was bound to death by muck-raking journalists.

National Assembly President Jacques Chaban-Delmas, whose tax returns were once given an embarrassing airing by *Canard* said a press campaign against Boulin had been murderous in its effect. Interior Minister Christian Bonnet said Boulin's death proved "the pen can kill".

The debate which erupted within hours of the minister's death, was concentrated on the rights and duties of a free press and whether the private affairs of public people should remain private.

Commentators drew parallels with the suicide in 1936 of Roger Salengro, Socialist interior minister in Leon Blum's Popular Front government, following unfounded right-wing charges that he deserted to the Germans as a soldier in World War I.

But soon other issues broke into the soul-searching sweeping France, such as the extent of corrupt practices among politicians and government officials entrenched in office for more than 20 years by the Gaullists and their allies.

The broader dimensions were added by Boulin's suicide note, in which he attacked his cabinet colleague Justice Minister Alain Peyrefitte and accused a judge of spite and inexperience and of being out to "hag a minister".

One new issue was the hardship and distortions created by a slow-moving legal system under which disputes and prosecutions can drag on year after year.

Should Boulin, a pillar of the Gaullist establishment, have remained in office when he and ministerial colleagues knew his purchase in 1974 of two hectares (five acres) of land on the Riviera was the subject of a judicial inquiry?

How was it possible that documents in the possession of an examining magistrate were leaked to *Le Monde*?

Boulin's letter was a cry of despair by a resistance hero who rallied to General de Gaulle's Free French cause in 1940 and who had never been accused of anything more than imprudence in a

murky and complex case. It ended poignantly, "I have decided to drown myself in a lake of Rambouillet Forest, where I used to love to go riding."

But it was the sensational reproach to his government colleague, Justice Minister Alain Peyrefitte, the cabinet member who stands in for Prime Minister Raymond Barre, which captured the headlines.

After accusing the examining magistrate handling the inquiry, Renaud van Rymsbroke, of leaking details to the press, Boulin said: "This departure from the judicial secrecy rule leaves cold a justice minister who is more concerned with his career than with the proper administration of justice."

Responding to the charge, Peyrefitte said Boulin had approached him to express fears that he was a victim of intrigues by the examining magistrate.

The justice minister said it would have been improper for him to intervene in a case before the courts without violating the independence of the judiciary.

For *Le Canard* the Boulin story was just another investigation of the type the weekly has revealed throughout its 64-year-old existence as a scourge of the powerful.

Earlier this month it published allegations that President Valéry Giscard d'Estaing, when finance minister in 1973, was given diamonds by deposit Central African Emperor Jean Bedel Bokassa, report that aroused indignation in official quarters.

Le Canard was about to go to press when news of Boulin's death broke on Tuesday, turning its new report into a turmoil as editors scrapped cartoon lampooning Boulin and recast the front page answer the onslaught they knew would come.

"At no moment in this affair did *Le Canard* offend the ethics of our profession. It did not break any of the rules of care and honesty of our craft. And it throughout carries out its duty to inform," said in a front page editorial.

On the same page *Le Canard* produced another disclosure, demonstrating, if accurate, that has an ear in the cabinet room of the president's Elysee Palace.

According to the *Canard* story, immediately denied by an Elysee spokesman, the president ticked off Boulin in front of the entire cabinet October 24 for talking to *Canard* journalists.

The president was alleged to have said: "I will offer any views on your affair itself, which does not concern me. But how could a minister of my government have a meeting on the sly with representatives of a newspaper which is trying to damage me?"

President Giscard was one of the many public figures who this week deplored press witch hunt. He told the cabinet the day after Boulin's death: "Such campaigns should be strongly condemned by public opinion."

The president said attacks on a man's private life rather than his performance in office damaged his dignity, accusations alone should not imply guilt.

Communist leader Georges Marchais four days took a similar view to Giscard, condemning campaigns of personal discredit based on unproven assertions, twisted or exaggerated facts, or false night lies.

The Paris daily *Le Figaro*, owned by right-wing press magnate Robert Hersant, said in an editorial that there had been abuses of press freedom in the Boulin case, but such abuse could never justify the condemnation of press freedom.

"With all the weaknesses and faults in the world, journalists collectively possess an irreplaceable virtue: they are the witnesses of our times with a mission of capital importance — to establish a list of information, control and criticism between the all-powerful state and the unprotected citizen." (OFNS)

Cambodia may gain from a Vietnamese victory

By Brian Eads

BANGKOK —

"The Pol Pot side is finished. Their morale is low, and most of them don't know what they're fighting for. They just talk vaguely about Angkor (the Organization). One tried to sell me his rifle for \$20. All he wanted was food and a long, long sleep."

A young Thai army lieutenant was talking in his orchid-festooned dugout less than a mile from the Cambodian border.

In the Thai capital, a Cambodia-watcher says: "The fact is the Khmer Rouge haven't captured anything or blown up anything. They haven't demonstrated to the world that they're a potent force to be reckoned with."

Before the monsoon rains began to inundate Cambodia, Pol Pot had promised 'a people's war'. The forces of the Heng Samrin regime and their Vietnamese backers were to be sucked into a quagmire of ambush, guerrilla harassment and popular uprising.

'People's war' presupposes the support of the people. Though his civilian hostages and teenage shock troops have been brutalized into quiescence, popular support is nil.

The wet season has seen Khmer civilians fleeing from Khmer Rouge-dominated areas into areas controlled by Heng Samrin or the so-called 'Third Alternative', the Thailand-based Khmer rightist groups of the Khmer Seri. There has been no traffic in the opposite direction.

"With water we have rice, with rice we have everything." The ousted Prime Minister observed at the height of his power. Without rice, it could be said, they have nothing.

The only Khmer Rouge resistance to register any successes in recent months has been in the remote north-eastern provinces of the country — in Ratanakiri and Mondulkiri. The terrain is wild and

inhospitable and the stamping ground of Khmer bandits and revolutionaries for generations.

Western sources say the forces, remnants of the 801st and 920th divisions, have enjoyed support from Vietnamese opponents of Hanoi — Montagnards and former Thieu regime troops — but have still been little more than a minor irritant.

To the west, in Kratie province and Kompong Thom province, four Vietnamese divisions recently 'mopped up' the remnants of the Khmer Rouge 260th brigade.

Thai marine officers based opposite the Cardamomes mountain range, predicted as the last impregnable Khmer Rouge stronghold, say the tattered remnants of two divisions are biding out there inside a net of Vietnamese-backed forces. Given time they will die of hunger and disease.

The other border areas are a patchwork of small Khmer Rouge enclaves, perhaps 25,000 strong, and Vietnamese-backed troop concentrations. Only the monsoon mud has prevented Phnom Penh's deployment of the massive quantities of Soviet-supplied armor ferried into the country since Phnom Penh was taken in January. In a few weeks that mud will have dried.

The object of the exercise in prospect will be twofold. First to cut lines between the Khmer Rouge and Thailand, ending the flow of Chinese supplies to the Pol Pot remnants. Second, to bring an end to the fiction that the Pol Pot regime commands any popular support or controls large swathes of territory inside Cambodia.

One line of thought has it that Vietnam's 200,000 or so troops in Cambodia are mostly militiamen or reluctant southern conscripts not up to the task. On the ground, it looks like wishful thinking.

More constructive thinking might suggest that, once the Khmer Rouge cancer is removed from Cambodia's ravaged body, there might be room for national reconstruction and moves towards a political settlement.

The logic is clear. Vietnamese Prime Minister Pham Van Dong said recently that Vietnam would pull out of Cambodia "when the danger of aggression and interference from outside no longer exists."

So how effectively will the Vietnamese be able to seal the border with Thailand? And how many Khmers will choose to shelve their traditional enmity towards Vietnam?

Five hundred miles, much of it forest and scrub land, will not be easy to police, but mines, sharpened bamboo punji sticks and exhaustive patrolling can make infiltration unpleasant.

Some Khmers from the Sihanouk and Lon Nol eras have already thrown in their lot with Phnom Penh. Indeed the new central committee of the Khmer National United Front for National Salvation includes several prominent Sihanoukists, and the appeal has gone out to Khmers overseas to return.

In Thailand, the anti-Vietnamese Khmer liberation fronts proliferate. As one diplomat observed, "The number of provisional governments has increased in inverse proportion to the number of people they allege to govern."

The signs are that Chinese money will be placed on these groups in unholy alliance with whatever can be salvaged of Khmer Rouge military forces. In tandem with a second Chinese 'lesson' against Vietnam, they will be used to fracture whatever Vietnamese-ordered tranquility is achieved.

Cambodia's quixotic former head of state Prince Norodom Sihanouk observed recently that "one day our unfortunate people will have only the choice of being devoured by tigers or swallowed by crocodiles."

Yet none of the world's carnivores seems prepared to offer even that unenviable choice, and the talk instead is of encirclement, dominoes, cat's paws and 'principles'. — (OFNS)

FEAST OF SACRIFICE

It is proper that the joy of the holy Al Adha feast should be mixed with mourning: For twelve years now the Holy Sanctuary in Jerusalem has languished in enemy hands. Those of the faithful who gathered in Mecca for the feast, or who are now celebrating it in all the corners of the globe, must realize that the observance which perfects one's faith is that of Jihad: Holy War waged in the cause of justice, for the achievement of Islam's rights and the security of its domains.

The plight of the Holy Sanctuary dramatizes but does not exhaust the list of wrongs which Muslims have to right before they can meet Al Adha with the full joy which is its due. Many Muslims communities around the world are under threat from inimical regimes. Enemies of Islam continue doing their best to divide the Islamic world, fomenting sectarian strife when no other means to disrupt the lands of Islam present themselves.

Then there are the problems of hunger and underdevelopment in many parts of the Islamic world. Many forces opposed to the Muslim world see it in their interest to deny it the means of technological and scientific advancement, so that it may remain at their mercy. Here Zionism, crass materialism and atheism converge.

The Feast of Sacrifice comes as a reminder of how much is still to be done if Islam is to regain its former glory in the world, as the spirit of one of the greatest civilizations the world has seen. If the ideals of justice, human brotherhood, tolerance and reverence for learning and science are to find full embodiment among us once more, we have to be prepared for the vast sacrifices — human as well as material — this will entail.

It might be said that this is not the first time Al Adha has elicited such calls. Let that be. For not to repeat them is to surrender to despair. This, our faith tells us, is the greatest of sins.

OMINOUS PARALLELS

Some European observers of the mounting economic and political chaos in Israel are beginning to draw parallels with the situation in the Weimar Republic in Germany between the wars, on the eve of the Nazi rise to power.

The comparison is especially poignant for Jews everywhere. The series of political and economic disasters which ushered in that most brutal of all regimes could be taken as direct cause for the massive human tragedy which the Jews of Europe suffered. It could also be seen at the heart of the tragedy which the Palestinian people are still suffering. For it was they who had to pay for Europe's guilt over the fate of the Jews.

The parallels are indeed striking. The Weimar Republic's fate was sealed when the inflation got irrevocably out of hand. Israel's inflation, now at over a hundred per cent annually, shows no signs of abating. If Germany's economic collapse had much to do with the war indemnities the country had to pay the Allies, Israel's inflation is decisively caused by its expenditure on war and war-preparedness.

On the political level, just as the Nazis found, among the established politicians and military leaders, some who were stupid enough to aid and abet their designs, there are those in the Israeli ruling establishment who are aiding and abetting the so-called Bloc of Faith or Gush Emmunim. This grouping shows the same contempt for laws, the same muddled monomaniacal mysticism as the Nazis. They are at the moment meeting with a similar success.

The case of the Elon Moreh settlement, ruled illegal by the Israeli Supreme Court, illustrates the point admirably. The Gush Emmunim settlers, in their rejection of the court ruling, have had the backing of Ariel Sharon, minister of agriculture in Begin's government. It was him who suggested, as a way out, the transformation of Elon Moreh into a military settlement, thus removing it from the court's jurisdiction.

These parallels are not made by Arab observers, but by journalists and academics working in Israel. They all see that the unchecked ambitions of Gush Emmunim, and the nervelessness of official reactions to them, will finally put paid to whatever slim chance a just and peaceful settlement of the Palestine problem might still be said to have.

saudi press review

Al-Medina said in an editorial Friday that the technology used in this year's Pilgrimage gives a reassuring proof that the Muslims can make use of modern methods and potentials. "Saudi Arabia has occupied a pioneering position in this field, especially as regards services to the mass of people coming in uninterrupted for a visit, minor Pilgrimage or the Hajj," it said.

"The past three days have revealed the gigantic efforts the state has exerted in facilitating the Pilgrimage to the guests of God," the paper said, adding that the dedicated efforts of the state officials produced such a bright image of this year's Pilgrimage that it

commanded everybody's appreciation.

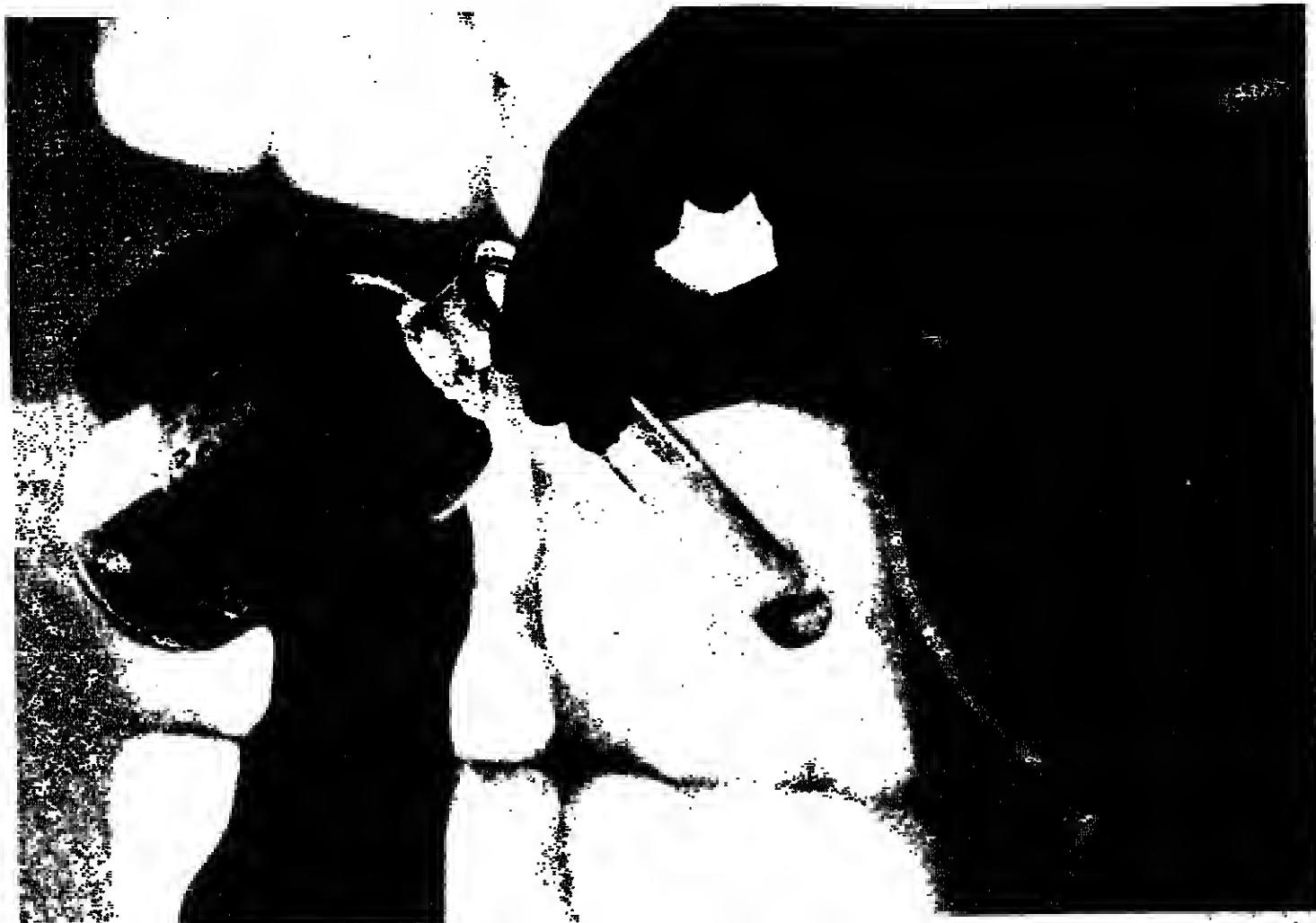
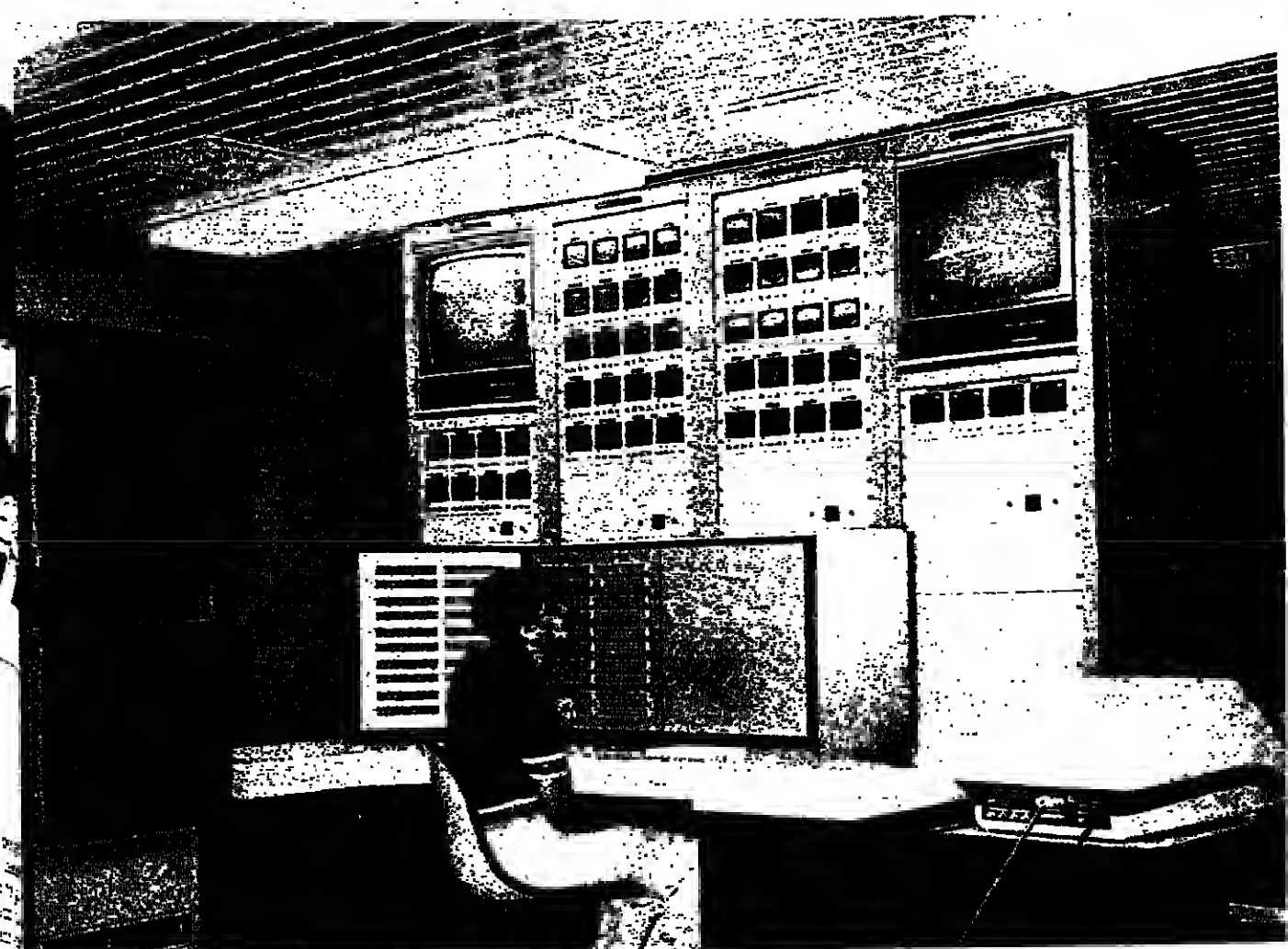
Okaz too, concentrated on the Pilgrimage saying that the government "has so successfully exploited the significance of the Pilgrimage that it has prompted the Muslims to determine a clear vision (of their future) in this brawling world. The anxiousness of King Khaled and Crown Prince Fahd to meet the leaders of Hajj delegations as well as the Arab and Muslim leaders who come for the Hajj represents one of the dimensions of the Saudi policy that has always aimed at sobriety among the Muslims, which is a distinctive feature of the Pilgrimage."

The paper added that the cru-

cial issues of Islam may have occupied a prominent place during the discussions between the Saudi leaders and leaders of the Arab and Islamic world who came for the Pilgrimage. "They came to this sacred land to reinforce their contacts and to find out ways for the restoration of their usurped rights in Palestine as well as for the elimination of sufferings of Muslim minorities especially under the yoke of Communism," it said.

It stressed Islamic unity and solidarity and said that, "the time has come for the Muslims to rise to the level of their responsibilities, in order to be able to defend themselves and their faith (against the divergent currents)."





The publication that marks Saudi Arabia's maturing medical skills

By Joyce Prince

ADH — Building hospitals the foundation. For those watching the Kingdom's medical progress, a recent publication is a clear indication of maturing skills.

The Editor in chief, Col. Abdul Hamid Al-Faraidi hopes that "this journal (will) soon mature to become the medical journal for the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and related Islamic countries throughout the Middle East."

The Riyadh Military Hospital doors were opened to patients in October 1978. Almost immediately the need for such a journal was felt, to record findings and to communicate research through Saudi Arabia and the world.

A new scientific journal records Kingdom's work

first edition of the *Journal*:

"The inauguration of this new, scientific journal is a most exciting and welcome event. It is proportionately more stimulating when it is to be one of the first scientific journals to originate from the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. It will allow medical staff, working in centers of excellence, to present their findings, based on original studies, to their colleagues throughout the scientific world."

"I welcome this innovation, supported most strongly with my good wishes for the future, and am pleased to offer my support as patron."

Dr. Rodney Ledward, consulting gynecologist and obstetrician at the Riyadh Military Hospital, comments: "The life of the *Journal* rests on two main pillars, the advisory consultants and the quality of papers contributed."

The *Journal* is supported by a national advisory board composed of deans and professors of universities in Jeddah, Riyadh, and Dammam as well as members of the Whitaker Health Service Program in Jeddah and the Allied Medical Group in Riyadh. An international advisory

ous leading specialists for further review.

Not all papers submitted are published. They must meet the standards of the *Journal* and the general requirements of accepted format.

There is no lack of material. Before the second issue is on the shelves, the fourth is being put together.

"Papers are coming in from all over the world," Ledward says. "We find the response gratifying and exciting." Letters of congratulations and encouragement, as well as contributions, have come from Iran, Iraq and Libya.

When an important paper is submitted, it is sent to a specialist to submit another paper as an editorial review. The original paper and the editorial review will then be published together.

In the fourth issue, a paper on leprosy by Dr. Zohair Sebai from the University of Riyadh will be accompanied by one by Dr. W.H. Jopling from St. Thomas' Hospital in London. This format has been from the first copy and leading articles written by world authorities have included: *Schistosomiasis and Management of the Infertile Couple*.

The *Journal* is mailed to every hospital and medical library in the United States, Britain and Australia, as well as physicians in Saudi Arabia and the Middle East. The circulation is 20,000, with estimated readership of over 200,000.

Ledward will leave his consulting post in January to return to William Harvey Hospital, in Ashford, Kent, as consultant obstetrician and gynecologist with rooms in Ashford and Harley Street.

Ledward grew up in England and trained in pharmacology at the University of Manchester, received his Medical Degree from the University of Liverpool and qualified in Anesthesiology at the University of Virginia. He later qualified as a fellow of the Royal College of Surgeons in Edinburgh.

He is interested in public health education and he has published booklets explaining various medical problems; one cover clinical sterilization.

He is putting finishing touches of a book, *Therapeutic Aspects of Obstetrics and Gynecology*, which

will be published next year. He will remain editor when he returns home.

He says "the hopes for the journal's success and long life can only materialize if the support we have received to date continues and scientific papers are submitted, not only from personnel within the Riyadh Al-Kharj Hospital Program but also from other institutions within the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and indeed throughout the world."

"It is a viable journal, and one of and for the Saudi people. We, as its European consultants and advisors, are only stepping through to give advice and suggestions in its developmental throes. It is the responsibility of the Saudi medical community to mould, shape and polish this medical journal so that it becomes a vehicle of formed opinion of medical practice."

Photographs are of work inside Saudi Arabia's hospitals, and the cover of the Saudi Medical Journal.



Security and confidence after so long

The good life of the Japanese middle class

by William Chapman

YO — In the Japan of only years ago, Hikoharu Kure, wife, Motoko, would have been an extravagant spender. She dined out two or three times a month as a family and the several private dinners. They take a two-or-week vacation at the seaside each year. His golfing and other cost the family \$116 a year. Her hobbies of pottery, and metal working cost as much. Keeping their 10-year-old son in private school, 1,628 a year.

Keep a sizable bank balance for emergencies but do not, herate choice, bother with rent savings. The future is something Hikoharu Kure is about. He is 40 and a man with lively interests, and he is spending now on what he wants.

A well-articulated philosopher, I feel that a thousand yen is equal to 10,000 yen for will want in my 50s," he

the Ministry of International Trade and Industry, perhaps Tokyo's most powerful agency. He was recently assigned to a key job as managing director of a ministry offshoot, a public corporation that helps arrange loans for depressed industries such as ship-building.

With the promotion went a substantial salary increase and, with the help of two large annual bonuses, Kure now takes home about \$21,860 after taxes and social security deductions. He lives comfortably and is satisfied with his income.

"At first, when I had been with MITI for only a short time, I was disappointed because my friends in the banks and trading companies were earning 30 to 50 per cent more," he recalls. But the years have brought raises and he has no complaints.

The American or European middle-class family of similar age and income would find the Kures' living quarters cramped. Their four-room apartment in the fashionable Shibuya section of Tokyo is small by American standards but roomy by Japanese and is fitted with modern appliances. It is also the key to the Kures' material success and explains how they can live so comfortably on his income.

The government subsidizes almost all of the rent, a vital fringe benefit begun in the early post-war years for government and industry executives when housing in Tokyo was hard to find. They pay only about \$33 a month for rent. Without the subsidy, Kure estimates, "I would be paying 10 times that amount."

A month for special classes in piano, mathematics and swimming. It is an expense most Japanese middle-class families accept as normal. Many pile on two or three extra academic classes each week as the price of equipping their children with special tools needed to enter Tokyo or any other important national university.

Unlike many Japanese in his position, Kure does not spend his after-work hours in bars with friends. He avoids running up bills that can amount to hundreds of dollars a month for other men. He spends about \$25 a week on lunches and about the same with friends or for evenings in the three intellectual discussion groups he refers.

It is a comfortable life, lacking some of the insecurities common in the West. Like private industry, Japan's government assures workers of life-time employment. Kure will not lose his job unless he commits some unpardonable error. His income, when he returns to the ministry, will increase automatically as the years pass. He will be expected to retire in his mid-50s but is does not bother him. Kure expects to take another job, perhaps in business, a common path for one of his education and experience.

The good life of the Kures is far removed from the frugal, penny-pinching ways their parents' generation knew in post-war Japan. The rules then called for a minimum of leisure, and the worker who took a full week's vacation each year was rare. Most of all, that generation believed in regular savings and put aside money at a rate far above that of the rest of the world.

The new way of living has evolved from Japan's economic boom and from the sense of security that an almost assured income has bestowed on the middle class. With those changes has come a free-spending attitude toward daily living that might have shocked an older generation.

For the average Japanese, all this is reflected in many sharp changes in spending patterns. They travel more often and much further to overseas tourist spots. Take longer, more expensive vacations at home, indulge in a much wider variety of home appliances — stereos, television sets, electric pianos. And with the rapid appreciation of the yen in recent years, they are buying foreign goods at an increasing rate.

The family dinner out, once a luxury, is becoming commonplace and by government statistics is one of the fastest changing elements in Japan consumer spending. High-income families go to Chinese and Western restaurants and the young and lower-class families eat Japanese noodles. American-style fast-food chains are among Japan's current high growth industries. Family expenses for dining out rose 14.4, 13, and 11.4 per cent in 1975, 1976 and 1977 and showed no signs of declining last year.

Part of the financial cushion that gives new affluence to middle-class families is provided by the working wife. In the past 10 years, according to Labor Ministry records, the number of working wives has increased by 68 per cent. Most work only part-time in classrooms, department stores and restaurants but the money they earn often provides the extras that go into comfortable living.

Motoko Kure is an example. Her hobbies are expensive and she spends an average of \$233 each month buying materials. (LAT)

SAUDI MEDICAL JOURNAL



A conference supplement will sometimes be added.

A conference on pediatrics will be held Nov. 18 and 19 at the Riyadh Military Hospital. Papers and reports will be recorded and printed in the *Journal*. A supplement on clinical biochemistry based on a symposium held at the Riyadh Military Hospital in October is now at the press for the next issue.

Ledward explains: "We must endeavor to keep the standards of the journal high while at the same time giving the undergraduate and junior physicians a forum to express their ideas. The journal must have a teaching role in the propagation of scientific information and senior staff are encouraged to support their juniors in compiling reports and studies for publication."

The *Journal* will probably be most valuable for its articles on medical problems in Saudi Arabia and the Middle East. One article, *Study of One Thousand Consecutive Malignant Neoplasms in Saudi Arabia 1975-1977*, by G.A. Stirling, A.M. Khalil, G.M. Nada, A.A. Saad and M.A. Raheem from the King Abdul Aziz University Hospital in Jeddah, will appear in the second issue of the *Journal*.

The authors reviewed 1,000 cases of malignant disease occurring in the Western Region and developed proportional rates from their data.

Their results revealed, in part, "that malignant lymphoma in Saudi Arabia differs from the disease in Western countries in its greater frequency," and "is the commonest of the life-threatening malignancies." This report nicely points the need for the *Journal*.

Papers included are reports on work, review articles and case reports, particularly those on medicine in Saudi Arabia. If necessary they are reviewed by members of the national advisory board and sometimes sent to vari-

Right 14%—14%; 7 days (and 16 1/2%—15% six months 15 7/16—15% states of deposit one month 15—14%; 1/16 one year 14%—13%; three years

U.S. gold auction depresses prices in Europe trading

LONDON, Nov. 2 (Agencies) — The low average price of bids at Thursday's U.S. Treasury gold auction in Washington depressed bullion prices in European trading Friday. The dollar was mixed.

In its first gold sale since announcing plans to vary the amounts and dates of auctions, the Treasury sold 1.25 million ounces of bullion at an average price of \$372.30 a troy ounce. This compared with closing prices in Europe Thursday night of \$380.50 in London and \$378.00 in Zurich.

The London market reacted Friday with an opening price of \$372.50 an ounce, down \$8.

"People had expected a slightly higher average price at the auction, although they noted that the entire, heavy offering was completely bought," said one dealer.

The gold sale was the first since the Treasury changed procedures two weeks ago, when it said it would announce gold sales only at the last minute to deter speculation. Previously, gold was sold off in regular batches of 750,000 ounces a month.

The largest of 11 bidders Thursday was the Swiss Bank

Corporation of Zurich, which took 295,200 ounces.

Dresdner Bank, which took almost all the treasury auction last August, bought 312,000 ounces.

The highest bid was \$378.12 an ounce and the lowest 320. The treasury had set a cut-off price at \$365.50 an ounce.

In Tokyo the U.S. dollar plunged sharply against the Japanese yen in hectic trading Friday, closing at 236.55, down from Thursday's finish of 238.05.

The U.S. currency opened the day at 238.50 and moved up during the morning session to a high of 238.90 despite the Bank of Japan decision the previous day to raise the official discount rate from 5.25 to 6.25 to counter Japan's rising inflation rate.

Dealers said that the central bank stepped in with an estimated \$200 million to hold down the dollar's gains.

However, in the afternoon rumors that Japan may soon take measures to tighten foreign exchange controls triggered a sharp comeback by the Japanese currency, the dealers said.



A WATERPROOF JACKET: These workmen — barely visible against the background — are laying an asphalt coating on the 68m-high Marchlyn Mawr dam in North Wales. The dam forms part of the Dinorwic Pumped Water Storage Scheme and the coating will give the wall a water seal and the flexibility to withstand massive pressure changes as 6.6 million cubic meters of water are repeatedly drawn from and pumped into the reservoir.

In U.S.

Additional energy prices lie ahead

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2 (WP) — For the last seven years, American politics has been stuck on the painful question to let domestic oil producers have the full benefit of the huge increases in world oil prices set by the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC).

Now a new reality is emerging. It appears that the oil companies have ground down the opposition. They seem to have won.

Federal price controls are on the way out, which means additional energy price increases lie ahead. And Congress does not seem disposed as it once did to impose a heavy "windfall-profits" tax on oil producers.

President Carter helped push through Congress last year a bill to lift price controls on natural gas, and now has begun to lift controls on domestically produced oil as well.

The House last week turned aside almost casually a proposal that oil controls be reimposed. The vote was 257 to 135.

A citizens group boasting on its letterhead such powerful member organizations as the auto workers, the machinists, the state, county and municipal employees and the National Council of Senior Citizens, tried to stage a national day of protest. The turnout was spotty.

The leading politician still nominally in favor of controls is Sen. Edward M. Kennedy, D-Mass., President Carter's likely challenger for next year's Democratic presidential nomination.

But Kennedy has done little flailing on this issue of late, and aides say one reason is that he recognizes congressional sentiment has shifted. Controls are a loser.

Says Sen. Henry M. Jackson, D-Wash., chairman of the Energy Committee and longtime barrier for controls: "Very candidly, we don't have the votes."

"The problem," adds Rep. Bob Eckhardt, D-Texas, a leader of pro-control forces in the House over the years, "is that now we have a Democratic president against us, and you can't fight both a Democratic administration and the consolidated force of the Republican opposition. We (Democrats) have no leader we can rally behind."

But others, including many who regret the rising prices, say the problem is more complex than this, not just a question of leadership and political will.

They say controls are not workable, that the U.S. market is too large to be artificially administered, that the government in the end has had no choice but to yield to the world price levels.

China eases price controls

PEKING, Nov. 2 (R) — China is removing price controls on thousands of products to spur competition and boost the economy.

The move toward a market-orientated economy was announced Thursday night by the official New China News Agency and followed Thursday's retail price rises for several key food items.

The agency said price controls were being removed after 22 years on more than 10,000 products which make up about one-fifth of all commodities on sale in China.

Prices will now be determined by supply and demand, giving producers greater flexibility, promoting production and increasing the variety of goods available. Lower retail prices are expected in the long-run.

Diplomats said the changes were expected to shake up many industries producing shoddy goods for guaranteed prices. The move should sharpen competition and permit greater freedom for enterprises prepared to meet market trends.

Says Rep. James R. Jones, D-Okla., an increasingly influential House member who favors decontrol: "The consensus in the House is that controls will work for a short period of time, say for less than a year, but long term, they are a disaster."

There is also the powerful argument, heard in the Nixon and Ford administrations as well as Carter's, that higher energy prices are in some ways good for the country. They stimulate increased domestic production. At the same time, they help deter consumption in a country that uses more energy per capita than any other in the world, more than many believe is good for it.

Indeed, some suggest that the whole strategy of the last seven years has been merely to stretch out this price adjustment, make it gradual, so as not to have too politically painful a loss in living standards all at once.

Politicians in oil-importing countries all over the world have been seeking such stretch-outs. That is what Congress had at least partly in mind when it decided to extend oil price controls in 1975. Even as voted then, controls would have phased out gradually. President Carter this year has merely speeded up that process.

In the 1975 debate, Pre John D. Dingell, D-Mich., then as now a support of controls, said that sudden decontrols would "stimulate a new round of inflation... cut housing starts by 160,000 units and automobile production by 750,000 cars, and cost an additional and unnecessary loss of half a million jobs."

Such arguments prevailed then, but now seem to have lost their force. One reason may be that the country has now grown more accustomed to the higher prices. They are less of a shock today.

While abandoning controls, the politicians — this mainly applies to Democrats — have not abandoned their habit of attacking the oil companies.

The argument could be made that Carter — by moving to lift controls from natural gas and oil — has done as much for the oil companies as any president in recent memory.

Carter has, however, proposed a windfall-profits tax. And in the meantime, he has been vigorous in denouncing the companies, particularly what he has called "their enormous authority and influence... in the Congress."

Kennedy, too, has indulged in anti-oil rhetoric.

"The United States cannot cre-

The lifting of price controls and raising of retail prices are the latest in a series of reforms that would have been economic heresy a year ago.

The aim is a rapid improvement in living standards and a reduction in unemployment. Another purpose is the need to make quick profits to finance modernization.

The government is especially concerned at the wide differences between agricultural and industrial costs, with the 800 million peasants getting meagre returns for their output and then having to pay high prices for manufactured goods, machinery and fertilizers.

It decided to raise state purchasing prices and these were passed on to consumer Thursday, seemingly with fairly few complaints as city workers will receive an extra five yuan (\$3) a month in compensation.

The government has said the difference between its increased earnings from the higher prices and the cost of the wage increases will leave it one billion yuan (\$600 million) per year out of pocket.

According to Miller

\$1.5b loan can save Chrysler

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2 (R) — A \$1.5 billion U.S. government rescue plan for the ailing Chrysler car makers could save the country's 10th largest industrial firm from collapse, according to Treasury Secretary William Miller.

The Carter administration made the loan guarantee offer in a dramatic turnabout Thursday.

The \$1.5 billion sum is double the amount the Treasury had said it would consider, double what Chrysler had asked for and six times a previous record of \$250 million given to the Lockheed Aircraft Corporation in 1971.

To qualify for the aid, Chrysler

will have to match the \$1.5 billion in additional financing and allow the government a big say in its operations.

Delighted Chrysler allies in Congress said they believed the aid package would be passed through Congress at the end of the year, a bankruptcy deadline set by Chrysler chiefs themselves.

Miller said to get the loan guarantees Chrysler must also convince the Treasury Department it had a sound plan for regaining full competitive financial health by the end of 1983.

Miller rejected a Chrysler request in September for \$1.2 billion in loan guarantees as "way

out of line." He forced it to redraft the amount to \$750 million two weeks ago.

But since then, he said, Treasury had become convinced the firm genuinely needed aid because of the economic downturn, and could survive that extra money. He denied financial pressures had forced the decision.

Chrysler has just announced record losses of \$460.6 million for the third business quarter. It projects an annual loss of more than \$1 billion, but promises to turn profitable again with a line of small, fuel-efficient cars in 1981.

New rules urged

Export of dangerous processes to Third World nations attacked

GENEVA, Nov. 2 (R) — Corporations which export dangerous work processes to Third World nations are "merchants of death," international trade union leader Herman Rebhan said Friday.

He called for new laws to prevent companies transferring hazardous production processes to developing countries so as to get round health and environmental restrictions in industrialized states.

In a speech prepared for delivery to a New York conference, Rebhan, U.S. Secretary of the International Metalworkers' Federation (IMF), said: "We have a new breed of merchants of death in action today."

"They are those company executives who are ready to sell and those government bureaucrats who are ready to buy materials and production processes that lead to dangerous diseases and

painful death." He cited the transfer of asbestos manufacture from the U.S. to Mexico, Venezuela and Chile, and arsenic processes to China.

Rebhan also criticized U.S. record losses of \$460.6 million for the third business quarter. It projects an annual loss of more than \$1 billion, but promises to turn profitable again with a line of small, fuel-efficient cars in 1981.

Saudi Arabian Government Tenders

Authority	Description	No. of Tender	Price SR	Cls Date
Municipality of Medina	Asphalting and paving of roads in Medina	18	5000	Nov
Ministry of Agriculture & Water	Supply of furniture and office equipment for 79/80	3/6	25	Nov
" " "	Drilling of a well in Al-Haila Al-Sufa	27/1	200	Nov
Municipality of Buraidah	Supply of various types of vehicles		Free	No
" " "	Supply of various types of equipment and machinery		Free	No
Directorate of Education, Al-Washm	Supply of scout uniforms	5/17		No

Iraq awards Japanese firms \$19m contract

TOKYO, Nov. 2 (R) — Japanese firms Nippon Electric Company and Mitsui Company have together signed a 4.5 billion yen (\$19 million) contract with Iraq's state Organization for Oil Projects to construct three computerized telecommunication and remote controlling systems in Iraq.

Nippon Electric Thursday said the systems would be installed by April 1982 in three projects for an oil refinery, a liquefied petroleum gas plant and a natural gas liquid plant.

saudi business

and arab economic report



Foreign Exchange Rates			
Quoted at 7:00 P.M. Saturday			
	SAMA	Cash	Transfer
U.S. Dollar	3.37	3.38	3.375
Pound Sterling	7.02	7.18	7.15
Deutsche Mark (100)	187.00	187.50	187.25
Swiss F (100)	204.00	203.50	202.80
French F (100)	80.00	80.00	80.00
Italian Lira (10,000)	41.00	41.00	41.80
Lebanese Lira (100)		101.50	101.50
Syria Lira (100)		78.50	84.80
Egyptian Pound		4.52	4.60
Kuwait Dinar		12.12	12.12
Jordanian Dinar		11.12	11.18
Emirates Dirham (100)		89.50	89.50
Qatari Riyal (100)		90.75	90.75
Bahraini Dinar		8.92	8.92
Iranian Riyal (100)		—	—
Iraqi Dinar (100)		9.30	—
Yemeni Riyal (100)		74.50	74.25
Moroccan Dirham (100)		81.00	88.80
Indian Rupee (100)		—	40.90
Pakistani Rupee (100)		33.50	34.35
Gold kg.		41,000.00	—
10 Tolas bar		4,900.00	—
Silver kg.		—	—
Japanese Yen (1,000)	14.20	—	15.00
Canadian Dollar	2.85	3.00	—
Belgian Franc (1,000)	116.00	113.00	—
Dutch Guilder (1,000)	169.00	170.00	169.00
Spanish Peso		51.50	51.00
Greek Drachma (1,000)		80.00	—
Philippines Peso (1,000)		—	46.00
Singapore		—	1.58

PORTS AUTHORITY JEDDAH ISLAMIC PORT

SHIPS MOVEMENTS UP TO 0700 HOURS ON 29 OCT., 1979 (8 DHUAL HIJAH 1399)

Berth	Name of Vessel	Agent	Type of Cargo	Arrival Date
4	Union Hodeidah	O.C.E.	Plywood/Gen./Containers	24/10/79
5	Bahli	O.C.E.	Steel/General	24/10/79
6	Gina	Red Sea	Conts./General	24/10/79
7	Flavia	Kanoo	Conts./Rice/General	23/10/79
8	Puerto Cadiz	O.C.E.	Apples	27/10/79
9	Imperia	Star	Fruits	27/10/79
10	Fedor Bredichin	O.C.E.	Frozen Chicken	24/10/79
11	Laura	Star	Fruit/Eggs	24/10/79
12	Char Ly	Abdullah	Gen./Steel/Conts.	24/10/79
14	Franca	Red Sea	Conts./Gen./Steel	24/10/79
18	Odyseus	Rolaco	Bulk Cement	24/10/79
19	La Costa	Al Sabah	Bulk Cement	24/10/79
20	Falkenland	Alinza	Line/Cement/General	27/10/79
22	Adon	H.T.A.	Conts./Marble/Tiles	24/10/79
23	Desageo Universal	Star	Fruits	24/10/79
27	Eastern Energy	S.A.M.A.	Bagged Barley/Gen.	24/10/79
39	Concordia Taleb	Alsteb	Rice/General	24/10/79
40	Gomha Nile	S.C.S.A.	Barley/General	24/10/79
43	Mindan	Star	Fruits	24/10/79
44	Rainforest	O.C.E.	Poultry	24/10/79
	Rosomercario Gallia	A.E.T.	Ro-Ro Units	27/10/79

KING ABDUL AZIZ PORT, DAMMAM

SHIPS MOVEMENTS UP TO 0700 HOURS 30 OCT., 1979 (9 DHUAL HIJAH, 1399)

Vessels Discharging:			
1	Cape Rodoy	Gulf	Wheat in Bulk
4	Taronga	B.L.	General
7	Ocean Sincerity	A.E.T.	Container Steel
11	Ziarat	S.E.A.	Barley
14	Ibn Zuhr	Kanoo	Steel/General
15	Kaomi	Gosabi	General/Conts.
21	Arabian Lutah	Barber	Cement Silo Vessel
23	Nedlloyd Rouen	Kanoo	Containers — Ro-Ro
28	Despina Iauridis	U.E.P.	Steel Products
29	Franky	U.E.P.	Barley
32	Nefeli	Gosabi	Timber
36	Primavera (D.B.)	S.M.C.	Bulk Cement
38	Agelos Michael	Gosabi	Cement in Bags

Recent Arrivals:

Nedlloyd Rouen	Kanoo	Conts./Ro-Ro Stock	29.10.79
Ibn Zuhr	Kanoo	Conts. and General	29.10.79
Ziarat	S.E.A.	Barley	29.10.79
Taronga	B.L.	General Steel in	29.10.79
Ocean Sincerity	A.E.T.	Steel and Conts.	29.10.79

DAILY CRYPTOQUOTE - Here's how to work it:
 A I Y D L E A A X K
 is LONG FELLOW

One letter simply stands for another. In this sample A is used for the three L's, X for the two O's, etc. Single letters, apostrophes, the length and formation of the words are all hints. Each day the code letters are different.

CRYPTOQUOTES

I E X I Y U I O B I Q I K B W I A Q W K Q
 K A Q Y R O N F I F R Y Z U A N I O -
 I Y K V V Z L R U O I J Q R K P I K M
 L S J N F I O Q - F U B W I V J I
 F R O Q K U N O I
 Yesterday's Cryptquote: THE BEST WAY I KNOW OF TO
 WIN AN ARGUMENT IS TO START BY BEING IN THE
 RIGHT - LORD BAILEHAM

A Question of Probabilities

South dealer.
Neither side vulnerable.

NORTH		EAST	
♥Q 9 8		♠4	
♦8 7 5 3 2		♣J 10 8 4	
♥7 4 3		♦K Q 8	
♠10 8		♥K 9 7 2	

WEST		SOUTH	
♠6 3		♠AK J 10 8 7 2	
♥K 9		♥Q A	
♦J 10 8 2		♦A 8 8	
♥Q 8 5 4 3		♠A J	

The bidding:

South	West	North	East
1 ♠	Pass	2 NT	Pass
3 ♠	Pass	4 ♠	

Opening lead — jack of diamonds.

When declarer has a choice of different ways to play a hand, he should choose the method most likely to succeed. Practically every competent declarer follows this principle. Very often, declarer's decision depends on how he thinks the defenders' cards are divided. If he has no reliable clues to guide him on this point, he depends mostly on probabilities.

Here is one where declarer failed to follow the indicated probability and was defeated as a result. He took the

diamond lead with the ace, played a low trump to dummy's eight and exposed the queen of hearts. West took the queen with the king and South later lost two diamond tricks, and a club to go down one.

South based his method of play mainly on the 50 per cent chance that East had the king of hearts. However, at the same time he missed a different method of play that offered a far better chance.

After taking the ace of diamonds, South should have led the A-Q of hearts! In the actual deal, West wins with the king and East-West presumably cash two diamond tricks before shifting to a club.

South wins with the ace, leads a spade to the eight, ruffs a heart high, leads a spade to the nine, ruffs another ♠ heart, high, establishing dummy's high heart as a trick, and later discards his jack of clubs on the eight of hearts.

This method of play gives declarer an excellent chance for the contract whenever the hearts are divided 3-3 (36 per cent) or 4-3 (48 per cent). The 84 per cent chance of a favorable heart division is much more attractive than the 50 per cent chance that East has the king of hearts. Declarer plays as though his heart holding is the A-x instead of the A-Q.

PHARMACIES
(Open Saturday Night)

JEDDAH Al-Sabaic Pharmacy Jeddah National Pharmacy Al-Batrcji Drug Store MECCA Al-Hekmah Drug Store Al-Otaibiah Drug Store DAMMAM Al-Taisir Pharmacy AL-KHOBAR Al-Thoqba Drug Store HOFUF Al-Milhem Drug Store QATIF Al-Shifa Pharmacy	Prince Fahd St. King Abdul Aziz St. Bab Mecca Souk Al-Moallih Al-Otaibiah Qatif Road Mecca Road Municipality St. Governorate St.
--	---

ARAB NEWS CALENDAR

P.M.		News Summary
		10:30 VOC Magazine :
		America ; Science ;
8:00 News Roundup :		Cultural ; Letter
Reports : Actualities		11:00 Special English : News
Opinion : Analyses		11:30 Music USA : (Jazz)
8:30 Dateline		
News Summary		VOA WORLD REPORT
9:00 Special English :		
News; Feature. The		Midnight
Making of a Nation		
News Summary		12:00 News newsmakers'
9:30 Music USA :		voices correspondents
(Standards)		reports background
10:00 News Roundup :		features media
Reports : Actualities		comments news analyse
10:05 Opening : Analyses		


Morning Transmission	Evening Transmission
8:00 Ouverture	7:00 Ouverture
8:02 Lumière sur le Coran	7:02 Versets et Commentaires
8:15 Musique	7:15 Musique
8:30 Bonjour	7:30 Nouvelles du monde Musulman
8:35 Variétés	7:45 En avant première
8:45 Occident et Orient	8:15 Jeunesse et Sport
8:50 Variétés	8:20 Variétés
9:00 Informations	8:30 Informations
9:10 Lumière sur les Informations	8:40 Revue de Presse
9:15 Variétés	8:45 Musique
9:30 A l'école du Prophète	8:55 Cloture
9:40 Musique	
9:58 Cloture	


Morning Transmission		4.09 Twenty-Four Hours News Summary
8.00 World News		4.30 The Pleasure's Yours
8.09 Twenty-Four Hours News Summary		5.15 Report on Religion
8.30 Sarah Ward		6.00 Radio Newsreel
8.45 World Today		6.15 Outlook
9.00 Newsdesk		
9.30 Opera Star		7.00 World News
		7.09 Commentary
10.00 World News		7.15 Sherlock Holmes
10.09 Twenty-Four Hours News Summary		7.45 World Today
10.30 Sarah Ward		
10.45 Something to Show You		8.00 World News
		8.09 Books and Writers
11.00 World News		8.30 Take One
11.09 Reflections		8.45 Sports Round-up
11.15 Piano Style		
11.30 Brain of Britain 1978		9.00 World News
		9.09 News about Britain
12.00 World News		9.15 Radio Newsreel
12.09 British Press Review		9.30 Farming World
12.15 World Today		10.00 Outlook News Summary
12.30 Financial News		10.39 Stock Market Report
12.40 Look Ahead		10.43 Look Ahead
12.45 The Tony Wyatt		10.45 Ulster in Focus
Evening Transmission		11.00 World News
		11.09 Twenty-Four Hours News Summary
1.15 Ulster in Focus		12.15 Talkabout
1.30 Discovery		12.45 Nature Notebook
2.00 World News		1.00 World News
2.09 News about Britain		1.09 World Today
2.15 Alphabet of Musical Curios		1.25 Financial News
2.30 Sports International		1.35 Book Choice
2.40 Radio Newsreel		1.40 Reflections
3.15 Promenade Concert		1.45 Sports Round-up
3.45 Sports Round-up		
4.00 World News		2.00 World News
		2.09 Commentary
		2.15 The Face of England


Your Individual Horoscope


Frances Drake
FOR SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 1978


What kind of day will tomorrow be? To find out what the stars say, check the forecast given for your birth Sign.


ARIES
(Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) 
Extra expenses while traveling. A money-making opportunity could present itself. Don't be so skeptical, or you'll slip progress in the bud.


TAURUS
(Apr. 20 to May 20) 
Home entertainments may prove more rewarding than going out. You have the right to have doubts about a financial proposition.


GEMINI
(May 21 to June 20) 
Be more respectful of a close one. An invitation is offered in a friendly spirit with no strings attached. Don't outfox yourself.


CANCER
(June 21 to July 22) 
Watch health at a social gathering, or you may end up disappointing those who want to see you later. Be less critical of others.

LEO
(July 23 to Aug. 22) 
Many ideas will be discussed re career. One of them is a good one. Be skeptical of wild gambles, but aware of legitimate opportunity.

VIRGO
(Aug. 23 to Sept. 22) 
Someone at home may not be in the mood for receiving guests. A distant matter looks promising despite your doubts. Expand outlook.

LIBRA
(Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) 
Don't be rushed or pressured into signing something. Do further research about a money matter. Don't give up when the going gets tough.

SCORPIO
(Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) 
Some confusion about a financial matter. Be careful of belongings. A party has a promising beginning, but may burn sour later.


SAGITTARIUS
(Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) 
Don't daydream re a work project. You have a right to be enthusiastic about a career proposal. Don't mind the work involved.

CAPIORON
(Dec. 22 to Jan. 19)
The slightest thing goes wrong, and you are ready to give up. Don't go overboard. Try to find a middle course.

AQUARIUS
(Jan. 20 to Feb. 18)
A tip from a friend about a property matter may be misleading, but keep at it. A new opportunity comes, but are you willing to take a chance?

PISCES
(Feb. 19 to Mar. 20)
Misinformation possible re a career matter. Someone may not want you to take advantage of a legitimate opportunity. Don't be fooled.

RENT A CAR **ABU DIYAB**
 RIYADH-AIRPORT ST.
 TEL. 62575 - 68092



FOR YOUR AIR CONDITIONING INQUIRY

Binladen
 Electrical & Mechanical

SOLE DISTRIBUTORS IN SAUDI ARABIA
 FOR **TITANE** AIR CONDITIONING
 ALL SIZES AND TYPES FOR
 IMMEDIATE DELIVERY
 DESIGN, INSTALLATION, MAINTENANCE,
 AFTER SALE SERVICE AND SPARE PARTS
 JEDDAH: P.O. BOX 3143
 TEL: 673380 & 673620 TELEX: 402212
 AL-KHOBAR: TELEPHONE 44236

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

SAUDIA INFORMS THOSE PASSENGERS WHO
 WISH TO DEPART IMMEDIATELY AFTER
 PILGRIMAGE TO:

RIYADH
DHAHRAN
NEJLAN
GIZAN
ABHA-HAIL
BADANA
MEDINA
GASSIM

SHOULD REPORT TO DEPARTURE HALL NO. 1,
 AT THE OLD AIRPORT. THESE INTERIOR
 FLIGHTS FOR PILGRIMS, TO THE ABOVE
 MENTIONED TOWNS WILL COMMENCE
 FROM DHUAL HIJAH 12, 1399H
 TILL DHUAL HIJAH 16, 1399H

saudia
 SAUDI ARABIAN AIRLINES
 SAUDIA WISHES YOU A HAPPY JOURNEY

UI TOURIST TRAVEL & SHIPPING AGENCY

Welcomes you in Egypt and offers daily
 sight-seeing in and around Cairo. Daily
 departures to Luxor Asswan & Abu
 Simbel.

18 Talaat Harb Street, Cairo Tel: M.
 Office: 759670 Airport Office 2966,
 Telex: 93697 Safim Utopia UN.

MURAD SCREENPRINT

MURAD have now opened their silk screen
 printing plant in Riyadh for the production of

CAR STICKERS, FLAGS, BANNERS,
 ROAD & INDUSTRIAL SIGNS

We print on vinyl, perspex, soft and rigid p.v.c,
 metal and special finishes

All artwork can be carried out in our own studio

Whatever your requirements telephone 51759
 MURAD SCREENPRINT P.O. BOX 8482 RIYADH
 Telex 201580 MURAD SJ



FOR ALL YOUR MICROGRAPHIC NEED

PLEASE CONTACT:
Advanced Microfilm System

RIYADH, P.O. BOX 614
 TEL: 64762, 60515
 TELEX: 201316 COMTEC SJ



SAND MAY BE FREE BUT ITS NOT CHEAP!

If you're going to prepare surfaces for anti-corrosive
 finishes you may think that sand is the answer to
 your blasting problems. It's not. Sand is full of
 corrosive agents and it takes a lot of
 blasting to clean a surface. So use GRIT - it produces
 a better adhesive profile, cuts
 labour costs and material costs
 and guarantees a better
 corrosion prevention.

HBK
 POWER CLEANING
 YOUR BEST PROTECTION

SUPPLIERS OF QUALITY BLASTING GRIT
 P.O. Box 1362, Doha, Qatar
 Tel: 26174, Telex: 4539 DH



The Sand Coffee Shop/Restaurant

announces a new concept
 in mid-day dining

The Salad Bar
 with the array of crisp, cool
 salads and the soup of the day
 with bread and butter for
 for SR.20.00 plus 15% s.c.

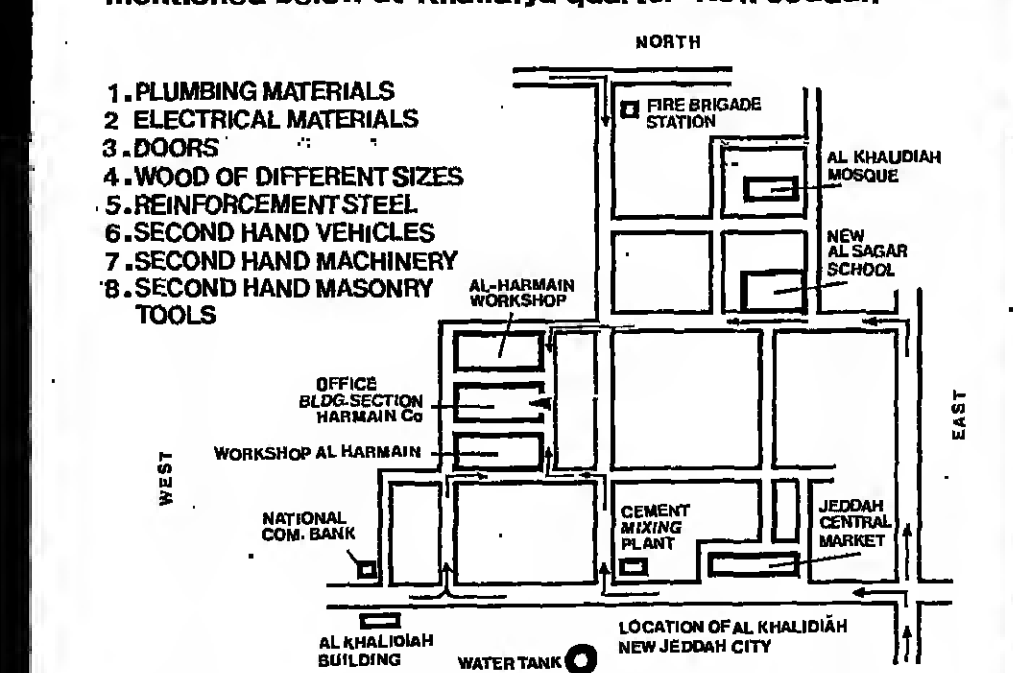
And, for the heartier appetite, add
The Mezze Buffet
 Authentic Arabic Hars d' oeuvre,
 with a choice of exciting
 WESTERN AND ARAB/ORIENTAL
 Hot Dishes. The whole Bar and
 buffet for SR.38.00 plus 15% s.c.

DHAHRAN INTERNATIONAL HOTEL
 P.O. BOX 428 Dhahran Saudi Arabia
 Tel: 86 48555
 Telex: 601272 DIAH SJ



BIDDING NOTICE
AL HARAMAIN CO. for Commerce and Contracting
 announces the sale of the materials and machinery
 mentioned below at Khalidiya quarter - New Jeddah:-

1. PLUMBING MATERIALS
2. ELECTRICAL MATERIALS
3. DOORS
4. WOOD OF DIFFERENT SIZES
5. REINFORCEMENT STEEL
6. SECOND HAND VEHICLES
7. SECOND HAND MACHINERY
8. SECOND HAND MASONRY TOOLS



SALE WILL EFFECT ON MONDAY 14.1.1400H. UNTIL 17.1.1400H. DAILY FROM
 07.00 AM - 12.00 NOON - AGAIN FROM 03.00 - 06.00 P.M.

INTERESTED BIDDERS ARE KINDLY REQUESTED TO CONTACT OUR BUILDING
 DEPARTMENT OFFICE AS EXPLAINED IN THE ATTACHED SKETCH OR PHONES
 Nos 51192-54415-53147 TO SUBMIT A GUARANTEE NOT LESS THAN TEN
 THOUSAND SR. SUBSTANTIATING HIS BIDDING.

INSURE WITH
HAJI ABDULLAH ALIREZA & CO. LTD.

FOR FIRE, MARINE, PERSONAL ACCIDENT,
 CONTRACTORS
 ALL RISKS AND ALL YOUR INSURANCE
 REQUIREMENTS

CHIEF AGENTS FOR
**THE LIVERPOOL & LONDON &
 GLOBE INSURANCE CO. LTD. &
 THE PROVINCIAL INSURANCE
 CO. LTD.**

ENQUIRIES TO:

JEDDAH INSURANCE DEPARTMENT P.O. BOX 7156 ALIREZA CENTRE KING ABDUL AZIZ STREET JEDDAH TEL: 22233 TELEX: 401037 SJ	DAMMAM ALIREZA BUILDING AL-SHARIE AL-AWAL P.O. BOX 8, DAMMAM TEL: 23728/29 26387 24133/34 TELEX: 601008 SJ
--	--

WEEKLY ISSUE

Asharq Al-Awsat
 The international newspaper of the Arabs

الأشراق الأوسط



جريدة العرب الدولية



ASHEMIMRY
TRADING, CONTRACTING & INDUSTRY
Jeddah, Tel: 57850-57256 Telex: 401414 ATC SJ

أول صحيفة سعودية يومية تصدر باللغة الإنجليزية
عرب نيوز
الناشر: الشركة السعودية للأبحاث والتسويق

DHAHRAN INTERNATIONAL HOTEL

Enjoy the Luxury of Dhahran's Most Elegant Hotel with Arabic and Continental Cuisine

Telex 601272 DIAH SJ Telephone 86 48555
DHAHRAN AIRPORT SAUDI ARABIA

PAGE 12

International

Guerrillas escape

Two killed in attack on Soweto police station

SOWETO, South Africa, Nov. 2 (AP) — Black guerrillas struck a police station in this sprawling black community early Friday with Soviet hand grenades and assault rifles. Police said two black policemen were killed.

Another black policeman and a civilian were wounded in the attack, the second in six months against a police station in Soweto.

Maj. Gen. Victor Verster, police commander of riot control, said a group of up to four blacks attacked the Orlando Police Station at about 12:40 a.m.

He said the attackers let loose with an "indiscriminate" burst of fire from Soviet AK-47 rifles at policemen and civilians in the charge office. At the same time, Verster said, other men threw four hand grenades at the back of the station.

According to Soweto residents, police

units poured into the township of about 1.5 million and mounted house-to-house searches. By midday there had been no arrests, and the township was functioning normally.

Verster described the attack as a "fiasco" and as "futile." No leaflets were left behind by the attackers, as they were in the last attack on a police station May 3.

"What particular instructions Moscow gave them to carry out this attack I do not know," Verster said.

The raid did little damage to the police station.

The charge office and several cars outside were pocked with bullet holes, and the windows of several buildings behind the police station were smashed by the grenade blasts.

Police officers said the attack lasted only a few minutes, and the guerrillas fled by car.

On May 3, the Moroka Police Station was hit by a guerrilla attack in which one policeman was killed and five other persons injured. One suspect was arrested after that attack but escaped from police custody.

Jimmy Kruger, who was minister of police at the time, warned after the Moroka attack that more assaults could be expected. Police said at the time that security measures at Soweto police stations had been tightened.

In June, 1976, Soweto was hit by bloody black rioting which resulted in hundreds of deaths. The upheaval was sparked by a student protest over education policies, but later vented general black majority resentment of the white-minority government.

Meanwhile, the South African Council of

Churches (SACC) warned the white minority government that the attack on the police station showed "countless thousands of black people are becoming desperate."

Bishop Desmond Tutu issued a statement extending sympathies to relatives of the two policemen killed in the raid.

"The SACC has consistently deplored the use of violence to achieve political ends and we can therefore express only our sorrow at the attack," he said.

"The attack represents the work of desperate men. We wish to warn the authorities that countless thousands of black people are becoming desperate because of the inhuman and oppressive conditions under which the apartheid laws force them to exist," the statement said.

Kennedy, Brown prepare

Baker sets presidential bid

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2 (AP) — Republican Senator Howard H. Baker formally entered the ever-widening 1980 U.S. presidential sweepstakes Thursday and two others prepared to follow suit.

The Tennessee senator's announcement came as no surprise. At the same time, there was word that California Governor Edmund G. Brown Jr. would enter the Democratic race Nov. 8 in Washington, one day after Senator Edward M. Kennedy of Massachusetts announces his candidacy in Boston. President Jimmy Carter is set to announce his bid for re-election on Dec. 4.

Adding another dimension to the frenetic political maneuvering was a move by Republican Ronald Reagan to purchase television time for his official declaration of candidacy on Nov. 13.

While candidates rushed toward the starting gate for the primaries, John White and Bill Brock, chairmen of the Democratic and Republican parties, respectively, debated issues likely to highlight the campaign.

The two agreed that dollars and cents issues and other domestic problems will be the principal themes. But they parted company on whether the voters will hold Democrats or Republicans accountable for rising prices, declining purchasing power and dwindling fuel supplies.

"This is going to be primarily a campaign of



Sen. Howard Baker

issues that affect people where they live, the issues of inflation, taxes, energy, jobs," Brock said at a national town meeting at the Kennedy Center here.

"I think this Democratic administration with this Congress and this president have been truthful with the American people," White said. "We have faced the issues that other administrations, both Democratic and Republican, have refused to face."

The two agreed that the death of a young woman in a 1969 automobile accident involving Kennedy should not be an issue.

Over British plan

Front threatens talks walkout

LONDON, Nov. 2 (AP) — Zimbabwe Rhodesia guerrillas have said they will quit the London peace talks and return to their African war bases if Britain persists in its plan to rule the country directly before independence backed by the black government's white-led police force.

"The British Conservative government will not rest until we actually capitulate," a guerrilla spokesman said late Thursday, after a day of astirring angry argument between Britain and the Patriotic Front guerrilla alliance.

"We will not do it. And if they insist, we will pack our bags and go back to the war. This is make or break for us," Eddison Zvobgo, spokesman for front co-leader Robert Mugabe, told a news conference Thursday night.

The eight-week-old talks plunged

into serious trouble over the front's insistence that Britain's plan will rig pre-independence elections in favor of the opposing delegation led by the country's first black premier, Abel Muzorewa.

The front maintains that a United Nations peacekeeping force must police the proposed cease-fire in the seven-year war, or that government and guerrilla forces be integrated before the election among the country's seven million blacks and 230,000 whites.

British Foreign Secretary Lord Carrington, conference chairman, made it clear Britain will not materially alter its plans after years of abortive efforts by London and Washington to end the escalating conflict.

'Superbolt' under study

Africa blast may have been lightning

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2 (R) — Scientists and White House officials have begun an investigation to determine if a superbolt of lightning could have caused the recent explosion at first suspected of being a South African nuclear test.

The explosion, detected by satellite in the Indian Ocean in late September, prompted speculation in Washington that South Africa had become a nuclear power.

South Africa promptly denied that it had tested a nuclear device and U.S. officials subsequently indicated they were having second thoughts about their original belief.

A theory now being given credence by American scientists is that the explosion was caused by a superbolt — a lightning flash so powerful that it can release as much energy as a small nuclear weapon.

White House press secretary Jody Powell disclosed Thursday that the superbolt theory was being examined at a meeting which opened that day and was expected to continue for at least another day.

Other possible causes of the explosion were said to be a natural event, such as a fireball plunging from space or a malfunction in a U.S. observation satellite.

Good Morning

By Jihad Khazen

The saying "When in Rome..." does not mean, as some enthusiasts have supposed, that one is to go around molesting ladies on the public thoroughfares, as is the want of the Eternal City's inhabitants. It is rather that strangers ought so to blend themselves in their new surroundings as to cause the least possible offense among the natives. Arabs, with their sensitivity to the behavior of strangers in their midst, ought to be first to realize this. And indeed, the majority of Arab visitors to Europe — especially here in London — are commendable in this respect. But there is — isn't there always — a significant and highly visible minority.

In some Arab cities, there is a long-standing tradition of avoiding payment for public transport. This is the mark, so it is assumed, of cleverness and individuality. When the bus conductor is selling tickets in front, you sink to the back. When he reaches the back, you weave your way to the front. If caught, you plead you already bought your ticket but have mislaid it. You look through your pockets one by one, arguing passionately the while, until your stop is reached. You then jump out making appropriate remarks and gestures to the suffering conductor. A silly game. The young usually grow out of it in time. People tolerate it as a familiar "routine," a somewhat faded but just barely funny joke.

The other day on a bus in London, I witnessed two young Arabs (female) trying to do the same. What struck me immediately were the general looks of contempt and annoyance from the public. Rather than a youthful frolic, the silly tricks were seen as nothing but signs of meanness, stupidity, and malice towards the welfare of the public. It is also unimportant.

Translated from Ashraf Al-Awsat

French police kill top criminal

PARIS, Nov. 2 (AP) — Jacques Mesrine, France's public enemy No. 1, was reported shot and killed Friday in a working class neighborhood in Paris, government officials said.

The handsome, flamboyant Mesrine had

ing in so as the conductor on the London bus does not seek out new passengers to make them pay, but expects everyone to attract his attention for a ticket. To deliberately avoid payment is also an indictable offense here. I thought to take them aside to explain that what they did was not at all funny, no matter what they might think back in... But I strongly doubted that it would do any good.

Then there are those who drive their cars here as though they were in their own happy-go-lucky lands. Now in places where irresponsible driving is the norm everyone makes constant allowances for the vagaries of everyone else's conduct. Chaos itself tends to even itself into a semblance of order. But where everyone is observing the rules and regulations, a rogue driver puts others and himself in double jeopardy. No one expects you to stop wherever you like or overtake a stop except the intrepid visitor from the Middle East, would take traffic signals as a challenge to his driving abilities.

I also know an Arab who took residence in one of London's more quiet and leafy suburbs. His habit every time he returns from work was to start blaring his horn the moment he entered his street, so that his family would know the master was back for dinner. When he reboiled his neighbor's pleas to desist, the police were called in. All he had to do was to notice that people simply do not do such things here. Another man bought a house in a street where all the houses were painted white. He did not like this, so painters were brought in, and soon the house was multi-colored eyesore. He had not troubled to ask permission from the relevant authorities; who were soon called in to remedy the situation. The street is what it was.

embarrassed French police for months, ping in and out of Paris and France des nationwide dragnet.

The details of his reported shooting were not immediately available.

**We're overstocked!
Now...big savings
on current inventories!**

Save 1/3 on Kelly Klosure temporary buildings!

KELLY KLOSURE

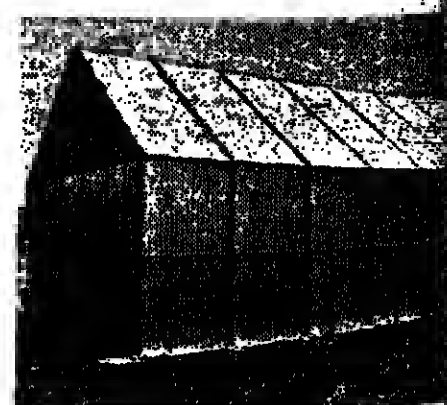
Modular, Reusable Panels For Any Size Buildings And Living Quarters

- Change the size of structures to fit your needs
- Moves with you
- Fast erection
- Simple, repetitive assembly
- Proven successful in Saudi Arabia
- Kelly Klosure assembly requires no highly skilled labor, welding, or costly equipment

Kelly Klosure buildings are ready for immediate delivery. Order while present supplies last...and save.

General Trading & Equipment Est.

King Abdul Aziz Boulevard
(opposite Maxim's Restaurant), Alkhobar
P.O. Box 194, Dhahran Airport
Phone: 46816 Alkhobar, Telex: 670119 ASIACO SJ



Come in, phone, telex, or send for complete catalog of quality construction equipment, systems, and products.



Violence claims 18 Salvadoreans

SAN SALVADOR, Nov. 2 (R) — At least 18 people, including six National Guardsmen, have died in fresh clashes in troubled El Salvador as opposition to the new civilian-military junta appeared to mount.

A military spokesman said 12 people were killed near the central market here Wednesday when armed leftist demonstrators buried incendiary bombs at security forces in a passing truck.

He said the troops opened fire in self-defense.

Six National Guardsmen were killed earlier in an ambush 67 kilometers southeast of the capital.

The clashes occurred three days after leftists stormed a newspaper office. At least 20 people died in a six-hour battle with security forces.

Guardsmen, leftists clash

Violence claims 18 Salvadoreans

SAN SALVADOR, Nov. 2 (R) — At least 18 people, including six National Guardsmen, have died in fresh clashes in troubled El Salvador as opposition to the new civilian-military junta appeared to mount.

A military spokesman said 12 people were killed near the central market here Wednesday when armed leftist demonstrators buried incendiary bombs at security forces in a passing truck.

He said the troops opened fire in self-defense.

Six National Guardsmen were killed earlier in an ambush 67 kilometers southeast of the capital.

The clashes occurred three days after leftists stormed a newspaper office. At least 20 people died in a six-hour battle with security forces.



ultra rich balsam
CONDITIONER

softens and untangles your hair naturally

GARNIER

TAMER

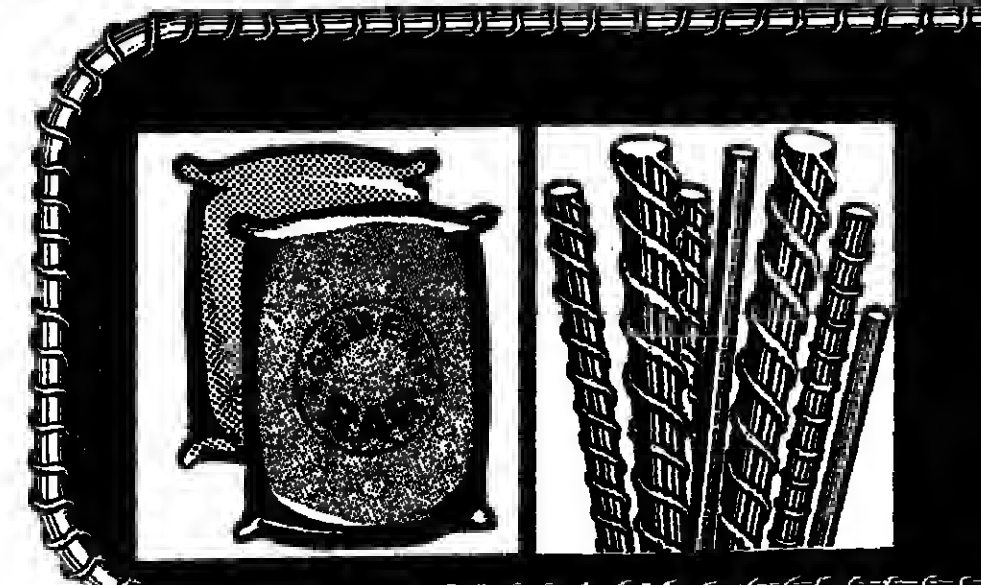
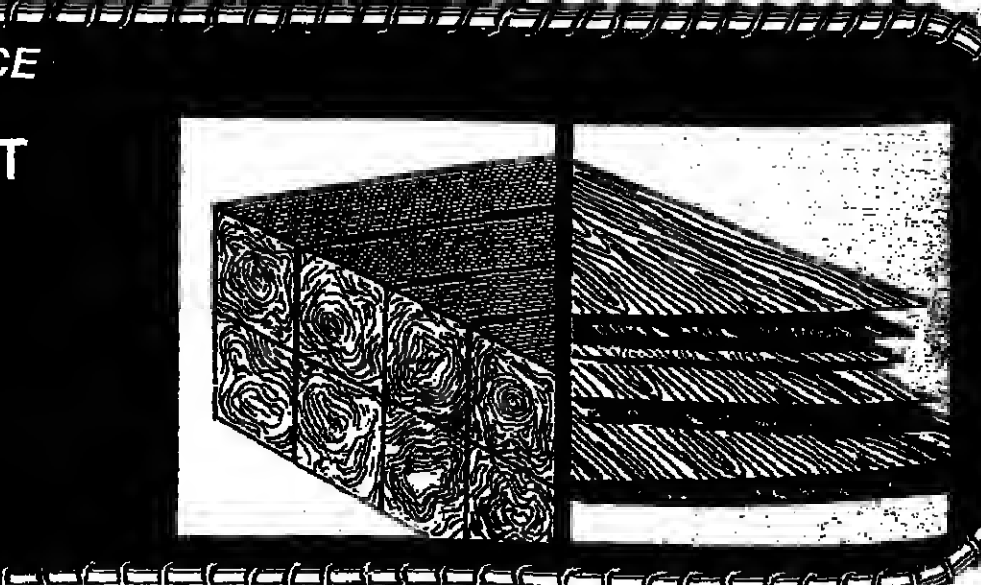
EXCELLENT QUALITY AT A VERY LOW PRICE

Any place any time. For all your requirements of
STEEL, TIMBER, PLYWOOD, CEMENT

Direct from our godowns to your project sites.

PLEASE CALL: **RAR**
Rashed A. Al Rashed & Sons

AL KHOBAR: Tel: 42109, 42150 Telex: 670040 Rashed Co.
DAMMAM: Tel: 23539, 22443 Telex: 670040 Rashed Co.
AL HASSA: Tel: 21863, 25975 Telex: 670040 Rashed Co.
RIYADH: Tel: 24302, 25350 Telex: 201082 Ramanco.

هكذا من الأفضل